THE WEATHER

For North Carolina—Partly cloudy, Monday and Tuesday; rising temperature.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

MOST OF THE REAL ESTATE

Sold in this city today will be sold as a direct result of advertising. Are you selling yours that way?

VOL. XCIV—NO. 97. WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY MORNING, JULY 6. 1914 WHOLE NUMBER 13,688.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

ATTEMPT MADE TO KILL DR. CARMAN LAST NIGHT

Another Chapter Added to Mysterious Murder of Mrs. Louise Bailey—Detectives Have Descovered Sufficient Evidence to Warrant Arrest of Woman—Will be Taken Into Custody Latter Part of Week, Declares Sheriff

Freeport, N. Y., July 5.—Dr. Carman, in whose office Louise Bailey was murdered last Tuesday evening, was shot at three times tonight as he drove in his automobile through the town of Baldwin near here. None of the bullets struck him. The doctor was on his way home from Rockville Center, where he had been to attend a patient.

Dr. Carman told the police the story of the attack on him. He had been out making professional calls and passed through Rockville Center on his way home. There he met Garland Gaden, an actor, and invited him to ride home with him. "Gaden accepted my invitation," said Dr. Carman, "and got into the car. We stopped in a store and as we again got into the car, I noticed a man on a bicycle near the curb. We drove off without paying particular attention to the man.

"When about a mile and a half out of town I heard a report and thought one of the tires had exploded. My friend got out of one side of the machine and I got out the other. As soon as I put my foot on the ground I heard another shot and when I looked around I saw the man I had seen when we came out of the store standing beside his bicycle with a revolver in his hand. Gaden shouted: 'My God, Carman, he's trying to kill you!' We both jumped into the car, there was another report and a bullet went singing by my head. Gaden and I leaned far over in our seats to be out of range of bullets and I opened the throttle as far as it would go."

Posse Gives Chase.

Dr. Carman, on his arrival in Freeport hurried to police headquarters and told his story. Sheriff Pettit quickly sped to the scene of the shooting in a high-powered automobile, closely followed by a posse. At midnight an automobile full of detectives and policemen went to the scene and other detectives were rushed off to the nearby towns of Baldwin, Rockville Center and Lynnbrook to hunt for the man on a bicycle described by Dr. Carman.

The authorities placed special significance on the fact that the would-be assassin was said to have been on a bicycle. During the night following the murder of Mrs. Bailey when bloodhounds were used they circled the Carman house once and then started off down the road on which Dr. Carman was returning home tonight.

The detectives who had charge of the hounds at that time said they had much difficulty in following the scent and expressed the belief that the person they were following was riding a bicycle. A police official suggested the possibility that Dr. Carman might have been mistaken in believing he was the object of a murderous attack. Dr. Carman, however, was positive in his statements, and Gaden his companion, confirmed the story.

Arrest to Be Made.

Sufficient evidence has been discovered to warrant the arrest of a woman for the murder of Mrs. Louise Bailey in the office of Dr. Edwin Carman last Tuesday night, according to Sheriff Stephen P. Pettit, of Nassau county.

The sheriff tonight refused to disclose the exact nature of this evidence. He announced the woman would be taken into custody before the end of the week, possibly at the close of the coroner's inquest which will be resumed tomorrow. The sheriff added that the important evidence in his possession would not be presented at the inquest.

Whether this so-called evidence is the revolver with which the murder was committed the sheriff would not say. The ends of justice, he declared, would be defeated should he amplify his statement.

When the inquest is resumed, Mrs. Ida Powell, sister of Mrs. Florence Conklin Carman, wife of the physician, will be recalled to the stand. Coroner Norton said tonight. It is understood she will be given an opportunity to change testimony she gave Friday concerning her whereabouts just before the murder.

Golder Identifies Woman.

George Golder, one of Dr. Carman's patients who was in the house when the shot was fired, testified he saw Mrs. Carman on the front porch of her home when he entered the house a half hour before the shot was fired. When it was suggested he might have mistaken Mrs. Carman for her sister, Golder was confronted with the two women and immediately identified Mrs. Carman as the woman he had seen not only on the porch before the murder but in the doctor's office just after it. Mrs. Carman and Mrs. Powell both denied they were on the front porch at all last Tuesday niht. Now, Coroner Norton says he understands Mrs. NPowell refreshed her memory and remembers she was sitting on the porch with Mrs. Platt Conklin, her mother, when Golder arrived.

Mrs. Conklin is too ill to testify at the inquest, and the coroner will visit the Carman home tomorrow to hear her story. Mrs. Conklin, according to District Attorney Smith, woh has already interviewed her, will say she was on the porch when Golder arrived. Mrs. Conklin's statement, it is said, was one of the things that caused Mrs. Powell to refresh her memory.

Clue Is Found.

Detectives working on the case declared tonight that one of their number had discovered a clue which led him to believe the murderer of Mrs. Bailey was the result of a conspiracy, hatched by three women living in a nearby village. The motive, the detective said, was revenge.

This clue, the detective said, show they were trying to kill the doctor and shot Mrs. Bailey by mistake.

The heavy guard thrown around the Carman house last midnight was taken off today. One policeman in uniform remained at the house. Tonight, however, the guard, on all sides of the house, was replaced and Sheriff Pettit said he would remain until morning.

Dr. Carman told the authorities tonight he feared some persons, whom he named might place a 38-calibre revolver with one exploded cartridge in it, on his property or in his home in an effort to support a theory. Detectives and uniformed policemen guarding the house admitted their instructions included something about planting of evidence.

The body of Mrs. Bailey was buried in the family plot in Greenfield cemetery near her home in Hempstead.

NEW ORLEANS PASTORS URGE CONGREGATIONS TO CO-OPERATE

With the Health Authorities in General Clean-Up, to Eliminate Rats.

New Orleans, July 5.—Congregations of practically all New Orleans churches were urged today by their pastors to co-operate with health authorities in the general clean-up campaign that is being waged here for the eradication of bubonic plague. The ministers spoke at the suggestion of Dr. W. T. O'Reilly, city health officer. This was practically the only development today in the plague situation, no new cases being reported and no deaths occuring. A canvass of the infected zone was made by Surgeon General Rupert Blue, of the United States Public Health and Marine Hospital Service, who is in charge of the eradication work. Dr. Blue was accompanied by Assistant Surgeon General Charles Williams, who arrived today from Washington, and who will be placed in charge of the laboratory work.

"The situation is satisfactory," was the statement of Dr. Blue, on his return to the hotel.

Upon his arrival here Tuesday, Dr. William Colby Rucker, assistant surgeon general, will relieve Dr. Blue, who intends to return to Washington. Passed Assistant Surgeon French Simpson, of New York, and a dozen rodentologists from San Francisco, are expected to reach here this week, augmenting the force of experts now engaged in stamping out the contagion.

JOINT CONVENTION CLOSES WITH GREAT SONG SERVICE.

Three Thousand Voices Raised in Harmony at Kansas City.

Kansas City, July 5.—A special song service led by a chorus of 3,000 voices tonight closed the joint convention of the Baptist Young People's Union in America and the Baptist Young People's Union in the South. Rev. C. C. Coleman, of Dallas, Texas, in an address pointed out that people are all debotors to Christ and that the only way they can pay the debt is by saving their fellows.

"God's notes are worth face value without discount," he said.

"The debt is 1,900 years over due now. We must help pay it. Some should give money, others their children, others themselves, and all should give their best."

GEORGE FRED WILLIAMS KNOWS NOTHING OF RECALL

Minister to Greece Declares He Has Heard Nothing of His Withdrawal

Athens, July 5.—George Fred Williams American minister to Greece whose recent statements regarding conditions in Albania have aroused discussion, today said he knew nothing of a report that President Wilson had invited him to resign. He reiterated that he had received instructions from his government to visit Epirus and confer with the international commission, but admitted the State Department at Washington was not responsible for his report.

RESIST PLAGUE INVASION

Georgia Board of Health Asks for an Appreprintion o f$10,000

Atlanta, Ga., July 5.—The State board of health it was announced today asked the General Assembly through Governor Slaton for an appropriation of $10,000 with which to fight possible entrance of bubonic plague into Georgia seaports. In requesting the appropriation the health officials announce they wish to make an investigation, following the recommendation of Surgeon General Rupert Blue of the U. S. Public Health and Marine Hospital Service.

CAPTAIN J. L. AUTRY DIED AT HIS HOME

Well Known Man Will Be Buried With Masonic Honors Tuesday

(Special Star Telegram)

Autryville N. C., July 5— Captain J. L. Autry, who has been ill for some time died at 11:15 today. Funeral will take place at his old home at Clement, seven miles from Autryville Tuesday at two P. M. Feneral with Masonic honors. All master masons are invited to attend.

MRS. EDWIN CARMAN, SPY WIFE WHO FIGURES IN MURDER OF PATIENT IN DOCTOR'S OFFICE

MRS. EDWIN CARMAN

Mrs. Edwin Carman, wife of the doctor in whose office Mrs. William D. Bailey was shot to death at Freeport, N. Y., denied any knowledge of the crime despite the fact that for a time circumstances were against her. Mrs. Carman, a stately matron of refinement and wealth, admitted that she had been suspicious of her husband as regards his relations with women patients. She had secretly installed a dictograph in his office, so that she could procure evidence against him to use in divorce proceedings, but she denied that she knew Mrs. Bailey, the victim of the strange shooting, or that she could shed any light on the case. Dr. Carman informed the police that he thought the person who fired the fatal shot through the window of his office was a woman and had meant the bullet for his own heart.

FEAR HUERTA AND ZAPATA MAY UNITE

Rumors to That Effect Reach Vera Cruz

CRISIS IS IMMINENT

Outlaw Gave Present Mexican Dictator Hardest Fight of Any During His Career as Leader of the Federal Forces

Vera Cruz, July 5—It is rumored here that an alliance between Provisional President Huerta and Emiliano Zapata, the revolutionary leader, will beformed soon. Most Mexicans regard such a combination as inconceivable because of the long enmity Zepata has borne Huerta, who, under Madero gave him the hardest fight he ever had. But the report brought here appears to leave little doubt that Huerta has entered into negotiations with the Morelos chieftain.

Both here and in the capital the conviction exists that a crisis is imminent.

Mexicans prominent in the political, commercial and social line of the capital, have been joining in increasing strength the army of fugitives. Several foreigners other than British, have taken the advice of Sir Lionel Carden, the British minister to get out of what he regards as dangerous territory.

Two special trains left the capital for Puerto Mexico Friday night and Saturday, according to persons who arrived here fromMexico City today. Among the passengers are said to have been General Joaquin Maas Jr., an his family, and Querida Moheno, ex-minister of commerce. It is reported that Jorge Huerta, son of the President and one of Huerta's daughters also were on one of the trains.

It is understood the President's wife remained in the capital. Mexicans from the interior and those just beyond the American lines do not regard seriously the elections held to day. No announcement ever has been made as to the candidates.

REBELS PREPARE CAMPAIGN PLANS

Constitutionalist Troops Gathering Around Mexico City

FOR FINAL ASSAULT

Differences Between Villa and Carranza Arose Through a Misunderstanding and Leaders Confident of Settlement.

Eagle Pass, Texas, July 5.—Information brought by passengers from Saltillo today was that troops from the division of the east have been ordered by General Pablo Gonzales to proceed immediately to Queretaro. This move is regarded as significant of the part of the division of the east intends to play in the final assault on Mexico City, as the final stand of the Federals probably will be made at Queretaro.

The movement to Queretaro it is thought, here also was precipitated by the withdrawal of Federal troops under General Pasqual Orozco from the Queretaro garrison to reinforce the Mexico City garrison.

Word has been received that Constitutionalist troops under General Jesus Carranza, three miles from San Luis Potosi, have taken Ceritos in the State of San Potosi. The railroad has been repaired to Ceritos. Troops that go to Quertara will be drawn from the command of General Jesus Carranza who has 18,000 men.

Col. Francisco Mariel, who is operating under the command of General Jesus Carranza, arrived at Saltillo yesterday to discuss with the first chief conditions in the field near San Luis Potosi. He said the entire country was friendly to the Constitutionalists and that if sufficient arms could be provided, General Jesus Carranza could have a force of 35,000 within a few days. Colonel Mariel declared Colonel Samuel Santos with 900 men, Col. Jose Hernandez Mirze, with 600 and Colonel Laraga with 1,000 had joined General Carranza re-

Continued on Page Six

AWAIT RESULTS OF MEXICAN ELECTION

Washington Officials Anxious Over Outcome

HUERTA THE FAVORITE

News From Mexico City States That Voting in Capital Was Slight and That Huerta Received Nearly all Those Cast

Washington, July 5.—Washington awaited anxiously tonight for details of the election held today in Mexico to choose a successor to General Huerta. Up to a late hour, little had been heard from the election except that one had been held and that the voting was light.

While an early report from Mexico City said it was believed General Huerta had been the favorite in voting for the presidency, the general belief here was that Huerta had not been a candidate and that it was the intention to choose Pedro Lascurain as President.

Reiterations were received today in private dispatches from Mexico City that Huerta, in a final effort to restore peace, intended to turn the government over to Lascurain who in turn would name some Constitutionalist as minister of foreign affairs. Then Lascurain, according to these reports, would resign, leaving the Constitutionalist to succeed to the presidency. Huerta would be assigned to a foreign post by Lascurain before the latter's resignation.

Wouldn't Work Out

That this plan would work out was deemed unlikely in some sources here, although some Constitutionalist agents were inclined to credit the reports that some such scheme was tried. Luis Caberena and Rafael Zubaran, General Carranza's chief representatives in Washington have not abandonded hope that Constitutionalist agents will be authorized to meet Huerta's delegates to the mediation conference.

Cabrera left tonight for New York and Alfredo Breceda who has been

(Continued on Page Six)

EVIDENCE FOUND IN RUINS OF FLAT

To Prove That Caron's Room Was a Bomb Factory

SEVERED HAND FOUND

Police of New York City Discover Revolutionary Literature and Printing Press in Ruins of Building Blown to Pieces

New York, July 5.—In the ruins of the Lexington avenue tenement house wrecked yesterday by the premature explosion of a bomb that killed Arthur Caron and three other persons, the authorities today found evidence that Caron's apartment was a center for the distribution of inflammatory liberature which was printed there; and at the time of the explosion, it was apparently a bomb factory, filled with the ingredients of death dealing missles.

A small printing press, revolutionary pamphlets and circulars an electric dynamo, two electric batteries, cartridges and bits of steel were among the articles uncovered, which tend, in the opinion of the police to show an anarchistic plot at assassination. That a demonstration, halted by the bungling of some oue who was preparing an infernal machine for its mission, was planned against the Rockefeller family in Tarrytown, is the theory on which the authorities are working.

Two of those killed in the apartment were prominent agitators who were to be placed on trial at Tarrytown tomorrow on charges of disorderly conduct in connection with the demonstration against John D. Rockefeller Jr., as a protest against his attitude in the Colorado Coal Mine Strike.

Fourth Body Found

The body of the fourth victim was found today. It was that of Charles Berg known in I. W. W. circles as "the big Swede" an associate of Caron. The other victims were Charles Hanson and Mary Claves. The woman lived in an apartment next to the one occupied by Caron and his associates.

Equally as interesting is the discovery by the police of anarchistic liberature and electric machinery in the ruins of Caron's rooms was the assertion by I. W. W. leaders that Caron was not a member of that organization recently having been refused admission. They declared the I. W. W. had nothing to do with the explosion. Why Caron was denied a place among the workers was a point they did not make clear

A suggestive piece of evidence uncovered today was a severed hand, which clutched two small pieces of wire made ready for connections.

The authorities believe the owner of this hand was in the act of making an electric connection for one of the bombs and a battery when the explosion occured.

The search for papers and notes was minute, some notebooks with the names of several anarchists were found. There also were pamphlets which had been sold at I. W. W. meetings. One poem, a vitrolic attack on Christianity is believed to have been printed on the little press

Another of the papers found was an appeal for funds to pay the fine of Frank Tannenbaum, sentenced to a year in prison and fined $500 for disorderly conduct in connection with an I. W. W. demonstration.

DEMAND FOR DWELLINGS.

In Wilson Promises to be Greater Than Last Year.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., July 5.—Last summer the demand for dwellings was greater than ever before in Wilson but this year promises to go beyond 1913. Already many proposed newcomers are requiring for property. Several Wilson men are erecting houses for rental purposes but in every case the houses are leased before completion. From the inquiries the number of tobacco buyers and others interested in that industry will be larger this fall and how to provide for them is the problem facing the community now.

FORD TO WASHINGTON.

Automobile Maker Will Visit President Soon—Agrees With Wilson.

Washington, July 5.—Henry Ford the Detroit manufacturer, invited last week by President Wilson to call at the White House, to discuss business conditions, will lunch with Mr. Wilson Thursday. He is understood to agree with the President's opinion that the outlook for business is good.

A different story will be told the President Wednesday by a delegation of leading Chicago business men, who plan to protest against certain features of the pending anti-trust measures.

BRYAN TO ASHEVILLE.

Will Be Citizen of Old North State During the Summer.

Asheville, N. C., July 5.—Secretary of State William J. Bryan has leased a home in this city for the summer months and with his family will spend as much time here as his official duties at Washington will allow. Mrs. Bryan, accompanied by her daughter and grandson will arrive here the latter part of next week, and will remain until the early part of September. After filling several chautauqua dates in this State during the next two weeks, Mr. Bryan will join his family here

REPUBLICANS TO LIVEN UP THINGS

Plan to Break Up Matter-of-Course Proceedings

IN SENATE AND HOUSE

Congress Interested in Only Two Things — Anti-trust Legislation ad Adjournment—Fight Rivers and Harbors Bill.

Washington, June 5.—Although Congress is really interested in only two subjects, passage of anti-trust legislation by the Senate and adjournment, a handful of Republican senators expect to inject a little life into the matter-of-course proceedings of that body before sessions end, and promise to make a particularly hard fight to prevent the passage of the river and harbor appropriation bill. This bill, as it passed the House carried about $43,000,000 and to this amount the Senate added about $10,000,000. Republicans who oppose it declare that the measure also provides authority for the expenditure in future years of more than $40,000,000 in addition and say they are determined to oppose it to the finish. Senators Borah, Burton and Kenyon are leading figures in the fight and they think they will not get support from the Democratic side of the chamber.

The present method of handling the bill has helped the cause of the opposition and may lead to some embarrassment among majority leaders before it is disposed of. The measure now comes up for only a short time Monday when there is no other privileged business to consider. To press it quickly to a conclusion, it would be necessary to put it ahead of anti-trust legislation.

Democrats Confident.

Democrats who favor the bill, however, say the attack upon it will not prevent its ultimate passage and count upon many Republican votes to aid to put it through.

Aside from the fight on this measure the Senate is showing little interest in what is going on in Congress. The trade commission bill is now under consideration, but its appearance each day at the scheduled hour finds only a dozen or more senators present and few of them apparently concerned in the debate on its provisions. Twice an effort to get an agreement to take a vote has been unsuccessful, although action may come before the week closes. The two other trust bills still are in the hands of the Senate committee and probably will not be completed for several days.

The Democratic conference last week bound majority senators to remain in Washington until trust legislation is disposed of and provided that a uorum should be kept in the Senate chamber to expedite action. So far the quorum has appeared only after numerous roll calls but beginning tomorrow an earnest effort will be made to keep senators in their seats. Night sessions probably will be resorted to during the week to clear up the calendar and some leaders still hope for adjournment in six or seven weeks. While the House is chafing over delay in adjournment, these majority leaders are going ahead with a programme which, if carried out to completion would mean a protracted session. Warm weather and approaching primaries are combining to cause light attendance and barely more than a quorum of the House is in Washington.

Bills on the unanimous consent calendar, a safety valve for the congestion of general legislative business, will occupy tomorrow. The Indian apropriation bill, passed by both the Houses, but bearing 168 amendments tacked on by the Senate will be stubbornly contested Tuesday by the Western representatives and undoubtedly will be sent to conference. The Westerners object to amendments designed to settle many old claims which always have met oposition in the House.

Mileage Fight Again.

The Senate and House conferees will make another report this week on the dispute over the mileage to be allowed senators and representatives. The House is on record for five cents a mile each way once a session. The Senate is not disposed to consent to a change in the present allowance of twenty cents a mile.

Representative Rucker, of Missouri, said today he expected the House to pass his campaign publicity bill next Wednesday. The bill codifies and enlarges the scope of the present campaign publicity law. It also carries provisions to prohibit the practice of collecting large campaign "funds in money centers for use in other States."

There will be a White House conference tomorrow between President Wilson and Representative Jones, of Virginia, chairman of the House insular affairs committee, regarding the Philippine independence bill, which Mr. Jones said today he hoped to see passed this session. The Jones bill reiterates the declaration in the Baltimore platform that it is the intention to recognize Philippine independence as soon as practicable, but does not attempt to fix any definite time for independence. It would give the Filipinos immediately as near complete control of domestic affairs as its author considers consistent with the exercise of soverignty rights by the United States, abolishing the appointive Philippine commission and a co-ordinate branch of the legislature and substituting an elective Senate.

Another bill the insular affairs committee is pressing though without assurance of consideration before the

Continued on Page Six

:: SPORTS ::

∴ STANDING OF THE MAJOR LEAGUE CLUBS ∴

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	42	29	.592
Detroit	42	34	.553
Washington	38	33	.535
Boston	39	34	.534
Chicago	38	33	.535
St. Louis	39	35	.527
New York	24	43	.358
Cleveland	25	46	.352

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	40	24	.625
Chicago	40	32	.556
St. Louis	37	36	.507
Cincinnati	35	36	.493
Brooklyn	31	33	.484
Pittsburgh	31	35	.470
Philadelphia	30	34	.469
Boston	26	40	.394

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Chicago	40	27	.597
Indianapolis	37	29	.561
Baltimore	35	30	.538
Buffalo	32	29	.525
Brooklyn	29	33	.468
Kansas City	32	39	.451
Pittsburgh	28	35	.444
St. Louis	30	41	.423

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Chicago 6; Cleveland 3.
At Detroit 5; St. Louis 6.
2nd: Detroit 0; St. Louis 2.

At Chicago 5; Pittsburg 4.
At St. Louis 0; Cincinnati 7.

At Chicago 2; Kansas City 1.
At Indianapolis 3; St. Louis 6.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Boston at Washington.
New York at Philadelphia.

Brooklyn at Boston.
Philadelphia at New York.

Kansas City at Chicago.
Pittsburg at Buffalo.
Baltimore at Brooklyn.

AMERICAN

HEINIE ZIMMERMAN DID SOME DARING RUNNING.

Gave Cubs a Five to Four Victory Over Pirates in 10 Innings.

Chicago, July 5.—Zimmerman's daring base running today in the tenth inning gave Chicago a 5 to 4 victory over Pittsburg. He walked, stole second and went to third on Hyatt's kild throw. He scored a minute later on Sweeney's sacrifice fly.

Pittsburg .. ..000 010 300 0—4 8 2
Chicago .. ..000 100 030 1—5 12 1

Harmon, O'Toole and Gibson; Humphries, Pierce, Smith and Bresnahan.

RUBE BENTON BAFFLED CARDINAL BATTERS.

Reds Administered Seven to Nothing Coat of Whitewash.

St. Louis, July 5.—Benton baffled St. Louis batters today when Cincinnati hit St. Louis' pitchers hard and often winning 7 to 0. Cincinnati ran bases at will on Snyder.

Cincinnati .. ..100 312 000—7 9 0
St. Louis .. ....000 000 000—0 3 1

Benton and Clarke; Robinson, Steele, Griner and Snyder.

STAGS ARE VICTORIOUS

Defeat Chadbourn's Fast Nine in Two Pretty Games Saturday

In two pretty games of ball at Chadbourn Saturday, the Stags of the Independent League, defeated the latter by a score of 6 to 0 and 11 to 2.

In the morning game Boreman had the Chadbourn team at his mercy allowing five hits which were well scattered and striking out seven men and walking none. The fast infield of the Stags pulled off six double plays which were considered the best seen there this season. The features of the game was the playing of Wagner, Palmgren, Snakenberg and Grant and the hitting of Andrews who got two doubles and two singles out of five times up.

Batteries —Chadbourn: Lamb and Tate; Stags; Boreman and Bell.

In the second game Register opposed DeVane the star pitcher of the Chadbourn team. The Stags found him out in a short time getting 14 hits and pilling up 11 runs. Register pitched his usual star game allowing five scattered hits. Palmgren at short played a star game receiving seven chances without an error. The features of the game were the fielding of the team. The hitting of Grant, and Shepard. while Andrews, Fowler, and Shepard starred in the outfield.

Batteries—Chadbourn; DeVane and Tate; Stags, Register and Bell.

The members of the Stag's Base ball team wish to thank the Chadbourn base ball team for the reception which was given to them Saturday night.

CUP DEFENDER TO BE SELECTED IN NEAR FUTURE

Newport, R. I., July 5—After a month of preliminary racing and many changes, the three cup class yachts Defiance, Resolute and Vanitie, this week will enter on a series of trials off here which will have a direct bearing on the ultimate selection of one for the defense of the America's cup against Sir Thomas Lipton's fourth Shamrock. The trio will race together Tuesday under the auspices of the Eastern Yacht Club.

NATIONAL

ED. WALSH MAKES HIS "COME BACK" IN STYLE

Started Against Cleveland and Allowed Three Hits in Seven Innings.

Chicago, July 5.—Ed. Walsh made his "come back" today. He started against Cleveland and pitched seven innings, allowing three hits and three bases on balls, netting the visitors three runs. He was taken out to let a pinch hitter bat for him in the seventh and Faber finished the game, which the White Sox won—6 to 3.

Cleveland . . . . .000 102 000—3 5 2
Chicago. . . . . .001 000 41x—6 10 2

Hagerman and O'Neill; Walsh, Faber and Schalk.

BROWNS TAKE TWO FROM DETROIT TIGERS

Hamilton Went Whole Fourteen Innings in First Game and Ended Strong.

Detroit, Mich., July 5.—St. Louis won both ends of a double header here today, the first game—6 to5—in 14 innings, an the second—2 to 0. Hamilton went the whole 14 innings of the first game for St. Louis and was strong in the pinches. Cavet got a bad start in the second game, but would not have been scored on except for Burns' error.

St. L . . .301 000 010 000 01—6 15 3
Detroit . .201 000 200 000 00—5 8 1

Hamilton and Agnew; Boehler, Hall and Standage.

Second game:

St. Louis. . . . . .200 000 000—2 3 0
Detroit . . . . . .000 000 000—0 7 2

Weilman and Agnew; Cavet, DuBuc and Baker.

FEDERAL

PITCHER HENDRIX HITS FOR HOMER AND WINS.

Enabled Chicago Federals to Defeat Kansas City Yesterday.

Chicago, July 5. — Pitcher Hendrix's home run in the third, scoring Farrell ahead of him, today enabled Chicago to defeat Kansas City 2 to 1.

Kansas City ..000 100 000—1 4 0
Chicago .. ....002 000 00x—2 7 1

Cullop and Easterly; Hendrix and Block.

FALKENBERG'S WILDNESS GAVE ST. LOUIS GAME.

An Error With Bunched Hits in Third Contributed to Scoring.

Indianapolis, July 5.—Falkenberg's wildness, an error and two hits in the third, gave St. Louis five runs and today's game, 6 to 3.

St. Louis . . ..005 100 000—6 9 5
Indianapolis . .300 000 000—3 10 2

Keupper and Hartley; Falkenberg, Billiard and Rariden.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

Southern League.

At Memphis 3; Birmingham 2.
At Nashville 5; New Orleans 4.

American Association.

At Cleveland 7; Louisville 4.
2nd: Cleveland 5; Louisville 0.
At Indianapolis 3; Columbus 4.
2nd: Indianapolis 5; Columbus 2.
At Kansas City 6; Milwaukee 9.
At Minneapolis 9; St. Paul 1.
2nd: Minneapolis 7; St. Paul 4.

DEROTHSCHILDS' HORSE WIN SECOND EVENT.

Paris, July 5.—The Prix du President de La Republique run today at Maisons-Lafitte, was won by Baron Maurice DeRothschilds' Sardanapale, which last Sunday captured the Grand Prix de Paris. Sardanapale won by three lengths from J. Tissot's Djamy, with J. Davis' Fauche Le Vent third.

The race at one mile, four and a half furlongs was valued at$22,600. In the betting Sardanapale was 13 to 4. Sardanapale has earned more than one million francs in less than 10 races, which is a new record for winnings.

A SUMMER APPETIZER

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

A teaspoonful in a glass of water stimulates appetite and quenches thirst
(advertisement.)

How They Stand

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Mobile	45	35	.563
Chattanooga	43	35	.551
Birmingham	43	36	.544
New Orleans	42	37	.532
Nashville	41	37	.526
Atlanta	37	36	.507
Memphis	34	44	.436
Montgomery	29	41	.414

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Charleston	9	4	.692
Albany	8	7	.533
Columbus	8	7	.533
Columbia	8	7	.533
Savannah	8	7	.533
Augusta	7	8	.466
Macon	5	8	.385
Jacksonville	5	10	.333

VIRGINIA LEAGUE.

Club:	Won	Lost.	P.C.
Norfolk	44	23	.657
Newport News	40	24	.625
Richmond	40	25	.615
Roanoke	35	36	.493
Petersburg	24	41	.369
Portsmouth	23	48	.324

NORTH CAROLINA LEAGUE.

Club:	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Charlotte	39	24	.619
Durham	36	28	.581
Winston-Salem	33	28	.559
Raleigh	30	33	.476
Greensboro	24	37	.393
Asheville	23	38	.377

STUFFY McINNIS

Red McGhee says:

The most unlikelylookin' pup may cop blue ribbons when grown up, upsettin' all the dope. The scrawny-lookin' fauntleroy, a reg'lar sissy when a boy, grows up—big White Hope. When Stuff McInnis joined the Macks the wise ones made a lot o' cracks 'bout foundling institutes. Their laughin' rang out loud an' strong when Connie said this kid 'fore long would fill ol' Davis' boots.

"First base?—That kid?—Au, cut the fun!" the fans all said. "It can't be done." But Connie played his hunch. He knew the kid was short on height but figured he'd produce all right because he had the punch. That first year Stuff was just nineteen but in that swell infield machine he fit just like a glove. There must be springs in Stuffy's legs; he gathers in the wildest pegs—both sides, below, above.

An' he don't fall down at the bat. Ask any pitchin' guy 'bout that. They'll tell you Stuffy's there. His two-base wallops sure look fine a-scuddin' out the third-base line. He don't pop in the air. The boy is just a youngster yet an' it's a purty darn safe bet he'll shine for some more moons. There's nothin' 'bout this little man that smacks a flashin' in the pan or single year balloons.

Mobile Again Leads All Teams

BUT HAS ONLY SLIGHT MARGIN OVER THE CHATTANOOGA TEAM.

Atlanta, July 5.—Mobile again led all clubs in the Southern Association during the week just closed with a slight margin over Chattanooga, which remains in second place. The standing of Birmingham and New Orleans, in third and fourth, respectively, was unchanged. Nashville forged ahead of Atlanta for fifth place, while Memphis and Montgomery continued to bring up the rear of the procession.

First division teams have been so closely bunched for the past month that the loss of a game is calculated to make decided changes in the percentage column. Not counting today's games, the four leading clubs are separated by 25 points and apparently none has any marked advantage over the field in the race for pennant honors. This condition has aroused great interest through the circuit and the fact that Mobile retained the lead has increased rivalry among topnotchers for the place a week hence. Although Chattanooga made a better showing than Mobile by winning five and losing three games, Mobile, by winning five, losing four and tying one, still managed to keep in the front.

Some improvement is shown by Memphis and Montgomery which have been at the bottom of the column in the order named.

Montgomery played better ball than usual. In the two shut out contests Memphis was the loser in both. Memphis, however, evened matters with its cellar rival by defeating Montgomery 17 to 6, this being one of the biggest scores of the season.

IN BOYVILLE

The Way of the Transgressor is Solid Copper. — *By Stallings*

DARK HORSES LOOM UP IN MAJOR LEAGUE RACES

Red Sox and Cubs Outpace the Leaders

American League Race Very Close, Six Teams Being in Position to Ascend to Top by Winning Spurt.

New York, July 5.—The Red Sox and the Cubs loomed up as dark horses in the two major league races last week.

New York, leading the National League, was out-paced by Chicago, which topped the league in games won, gained a firm hold on second place and displayed a driving power that if kept up will make the team a dangerous contender for honors so long held by McGraw's men.

Red Sox Come Up.

Boston, coming fast from behind in the American League struggle, pulled the Athletics' lead down to little more than a shade, beating them four games in five and then played Washington to a standstill in four games.

Giants Seem Secure.

Aside from Chicago, no National League club now seems in position to give the Giants a battle for the lead. Cincinnati started the week well with a double victory over Pittsburgh, but dropped four in a row to the Cubs, topping off the week by losing two in three to St. Louis. Pittsburgh droped to sixth place. St. Louis did fairly well, but mostly at the expense of the Reds and Pirates.

Brooklyn's Big Bat.

Aside from Chicago, Brooklyn made the best showing again outbatting the other clubs. Robinson's men are too far down, however, to be prominent contenders in the immediate future. Philadelphia was hit hard by the Giants' attack and fell to seventh place while the Bostons fel back to early season's ways and lost six games in seven.

In the American.

The American League race is far closer. It is possible for one of the six clubs to work to the top by a sustained winning spurt. Detroit has worked up to within a little more than a game and a half of the leaders. Washington after a sad time of it in the Philadelphia series moved up at the expense of New York and held its own with Boston, being now only four games removed from the top.

White Sox Outlook.

Bright as seem Boston's chances, however, the prospects of the White Sox are not to be overlooked. St. Louis has lost ground but is still close enough to work into the running. The only teams without a chance are the New Yorks and the Clevelands.

The Federal Survey.

A crucial series between Chicago and Indianapolis featured the Federal League contest. For nearly two weeks the Hoosier team had held the lead, but Chicago kept right at their heels, a series with St. Louis putting Tinker's men within half game of the lead. Chicago then went to Indianapolis and by winning three out of four games took the lead and held it.

The record in the American and National leagues of games played, won and lost, with runs, hits, errors and men left on bases, follows:

National.

	P	W	L	R	H	E	LB
New York	7	5	2	34	67	17	47
Chicago	9	7	2	41	69	12	52
St. Louis	8	5	3	33	59	6	42
Cincinnati	9	3	6	28	55	21	34
Brooklyn	7	5	2	39	77	11	56
Pittsburgh	8	2	6	15	43	7	48
Philadelphia	7	3	4	26	55	12	42
Boston	7	1	6	23	61	24	55

American.

	P	W	L	R	H	E	LB
Philadelphia	9	4	5	32	73	12	55
Detroit	7	5	2	37	61	15	53
Washington	8	5	3	27	57	11	41
Boston	9	6	3	34	67	12	51
Chicago	7	6	1	25	63	11	55
St. Louis	7	1	6	16	48	19	39
New York	8	2	6	20	55	8	46
Cleveland	7	2	5	26	60	15	51

JUST FREIGHT RATES

Important Meeting of Association At Asheville

The Just Freight Rate Association of North Carolina will hold a very important meeting at the Langren Hotel in Asheville at 10. A. M., July 9th, at which time it is proposed to put the organization on a permanent, state-wide, business-like basis.

President Fred N. Tate has called all of the eighty county branches to meet at Asheville on the date named in order that the entire situation may be thoroughly discussed and suitable plans adopted as to the future activities of the organization.

The sentiment from every section of the State seems to be strong for the adoption of the Justice Intrastate Freight Rate Bill and the Special Commission, now handling this measure, will doubtless be presented with resolutions and other strong evidence going to show the demands of the people of the State for relief.

It will doubtless be the purpose of the Just Freight Rate Association to employ an expert and put him in direct charge and management of the work with a view of uncovering all the discriminations now being practiced against the business men of North Carolina, and if the proper interest is shown and a financial scheme can be worked out at the Asheville meeting, there can be no doubt but that the Association will be placed upon a splendid basis for real service to every business interest of the State. The Wilmington branch of the State Association will be represted at this meeting by one or more delegates.

How to Give Quinine to Children.

FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-ounce original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

HELPLESS IN SNAKES' COILS

Fisherman In Order to Escape Threatened Death From Reptiles Rolls In Fire.

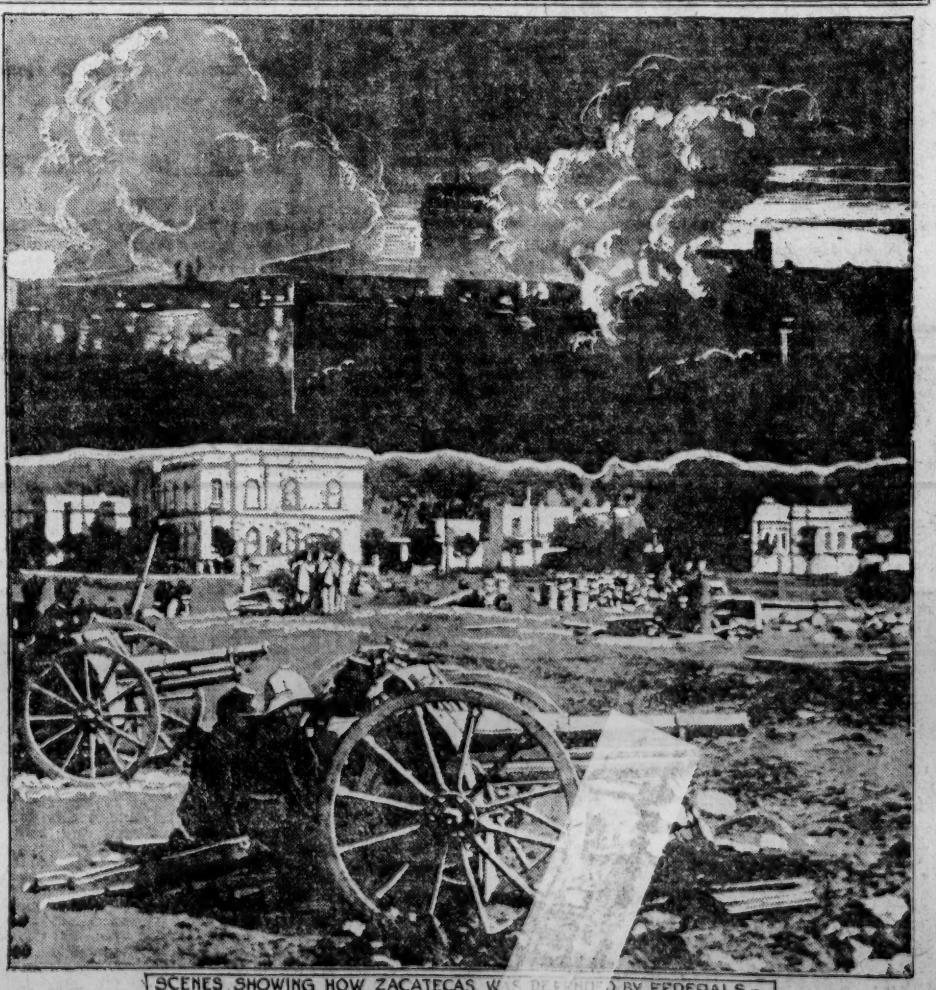
George Ensor, a business man of this city, while fishing near Mountaindale, a Piedmont, W. Va., dispatch to the New York Herald states, was attacked by snakes, which came from a rotten log on which he was sitting, and before he could beat them off the reptiles had entwined themselves about him, binding his arms, hands and feet. The snakes, more than a dozen in number, measured from four to six feet in length.

Mr. Ensor, after vainly endeavoring to work his arms and feet loose, had the presence of mind to roll down a hill into a fire he had built to cook his breakfast. His clothes caught fire and the snakes, scorched and sizzling, untwined from his body and made for the old log. Mr. Ensor ran to the stream and threw himself into the water, extinguishing his burning clothes. His body, arms and face were severely burned, but he managed to make his way to Mountaindale, where physicians say he has a chance for recovery.

A Movie.

Knicker—How long did the latest cook stay? Bocker—Two reels.—New York Sun.

SCENES OF STRIFE IN MEXICO, SHOWING HOW WAR RAGED IN CITY OF ZACATECAS



SCENES SHOWING HOW ZACATECAS W[illegible] DEFENDED BY FEDERALS
PHOTOS © 1914 BY AMERI[illegible] ASSOCIATION

COMMISSION GOVERNMENT FOR COUNTIES OF STATE

An Address by Maj. A. J. McKinnon, of Maxton, to Gathering of Robeson County Citizens at Lumberton, N. C., July 4.

Addressing a large number of his fellow citizens upon the occasion of the civic and patriotic gathering at Lumberton on Saturday, the fourth of July, Maj. A. J. McKinnon, of Maxton, spoke in advocacy of the commission form of government for counties, with special reference to his native county of Robeson. Maj. McKinnon said in part:

I appreciate the opportunity to present this message to such a large assembly. I only wish I knew I was equal to the occasion and I am trusting to the Wise Ruler of the Universe for power to at least lay a foundation for thought that will result in greatly improved government conditions.

I am not loaded with bouquets to hand out for the purpose of gaining votes, nor am I here to make personal charge against any of our executive officers. On the contrary I believe our court house officials are a high-class set of men and are capable of caring for their interest and the county's interest. I shall argue that the interest of the county, under the present system, is not properly cared for and, therefore, the system should be changed. That the conditions might be improved under the present system I will not deny, but at the same time the best results can only be obtained by a change in the system.

I shall not pose as a knocker, or fault-finder because I realize that busy, progressive people have neither time nor inclination to hear knockers who simply knock to hear the sound, and have no remedy or improvement to offer. On the contrary I shall point out some defects as they appear to me and draw some comparisons and suggest what I consider a remedy or an improved method. I expect opposition to the plan especially from office-holders.

But I want you to consider these suggestions with calm, careful and unprejudiced deliberation. Be just as calm as the mountain widower was during the earthquake.

If after careful consideration you decide the plan has merit, then put your shoulder to the wheel and never turn back until it has been put into active operation. If you decide it has no merit, then forget it and try to obtain needed relief through some other improved method.

Reasons Why Our System Should Be Changed.

One prominent fact is that our people have become restless and dissatisfied with the results obtained under the present system.

An evidence of this fact is the demand for changes, the creation of new offices, changing the laws, changing the men in office and many other changes and to my mind without marked improvement.

But the prime reason for this need of improved methods is the ever-increasing tax burdens that are imposed on our citizens without aparent increased benefits. At my reuest the auditor has kindly furnished me with the total tax assessment for ten-year periods, beginning with 1893. I want you to carry these figures home with you. The total assessment for 1893 was $37,802.14; 1903 was $103,229.91, and for 1913 was $191,773.97. You will note that this is an increase in taxes of nearly six times what it was in 1893, or twenty years ago. Do you think the benefits have increased in like proportion?

These figures for 1913 do not represent the total tax from the fact that according to the auditor's figures $18,513.56 due from banks, corporations and railroads, has been remitted direct to the State treasurer. This would make a grand total tax collection from the industries and inhabitants of Robeson county of $210,287.53 or $172,485.39 in excess of twenty years ago, and this is not all. Under our present law the fees from all officers should pass in to the treasury. These fees amounted to $26,300.05 for year ending November 30, 1913, or a grand total of $236,587.58 extracted from various sources for the State and county government use, and yet under the present system there is no one whose daily duty it is to see that these large amounts of money, belonging to the taxpayers, are judiciously expended.

When you weigh these facts and figures I don't think it is necessary to produce further evidence that we need to change, and if you will take an inventory of the real benefits that we have derived from these large expenditures and consider the further fact that during this twenty years we have not only spent all this money but in addition we have a considerable unpaid outstanding or floating debt and have issued an outstanding $75,000 bonded indebtedness—$50,000 expended for our magnificent court house; $25,000 for other accumulated debts.

You will doubtless conclude that we take very little financial risk of being worsted in making a change. We might find a more wasteful and extravagant system, but I doubt it and doubt it seriously. Still our people are entitled to the best and with the lights before me, I am convinced that the plan known as the commission and manager plan is the best and most modern government known to the American people today.

Synopsis of Commission and Manager Plan.

The commission plan of government originated in Galveston in 1901, when the city was destroyed by flood. Under this plan it has been rebuilt, under the most economic, permanent and modern methods of probably any city in the South. We haven't had the flood but our taxes are gone without adequate return.

This success caused a number of other cities to pattern after this plan and today there are numbered in hundreds operating under it. Of course, improvements have come but the success from the beginning has been phenomenal.

I will cite a few results obtained under the commission plan. Houston, Texas, has a population of 78,000 and in the six years of commission rule Houston has wiped out all floating debt and has given to the taxpayers out of the treasury and without the issuance of a single bond, the following permanent investments:

School buildings, $340,323.65; auditorium, $332,276.02; extension of the mains and improvements, water department, $247,932.02; paved streets, $179,281.96; ship channel, $98,029.40; sewers, $85,212.18; buildings and euipment, fire department, $66,150.45; parks, $52,007.53; streets and bridges, $65,714.10; wharfs and slips, $33,109.89; electrical department, $26,551.21; block-book system for assessor and collector, $10,000; health department, $6,168.47; police department, $6,168.47; police department, $4,096.03; city hall, furniture and fixtures, $1,123.67; city attorney, law library, $974.10; asphalt plant, $3,000. Total improvements, $1,551,928.47.

Ordinary Expenses—Storrie certificates, $73,300; refund paving certificates, $120,308.70; sinking fund, $120,220. Making a grand total of $1,865,757.17.

This amount was paid out of current revenues, besides the elimination of the floating debt, amounting to over $400,000.

While these improvements have been going on the tax rate has been reduced thirty cents on the $100.

This record is on Page 218 by C. Rogers Woodruff in a book entitled "City Government by Commission."

Dayton, Ohio, with a population of 116,000, gets out a card headed "Business vs. Politics," and shows that under this system they have secured as goodor better material for city use at a saving of from 10 to 58 per cent., or an average of about 34 per cent., compared with former administration.

Another card headed "This Is What Efficiency Accomplishes." These figures summed up show that they did for the city $138,645 more improvements or service not done before with increased revenue of only $49,426 a net saving of $89,219 in year 1914.

These statements are furnished and signed by the citizens' committee, and I take it that they are authentic.

After examining several plans of cities, I have concluded that the Dayton plan is possibly the most practical or nearest fitted to the needs of our county and will recommend for your consideration this plan, amended so as to suit the needs of the county under this plan.

The county legislative body would consist of five commissioners elected so that each would as nearly represent one-fifth of the county population aspossible , subject to recall at all times.

This commission would select a countymanager who would be competent, trained and capable and selected solely on account of his fitness and ability to manage the affairs of the county. He would be subject to recall by the commission or by the people of the county. This manner of recall would be worked out in detail and an election would be ordered on the petition of 25 per cent. of the voters. This commission would have authority to see that all officers and employes were appointed on the basis of merit, and fitness alone. This would leave politics entirely out of it.

The administration of affairs would be sub-divided into departments all under the jurisdiction of the county manager.

First. The department of law. Putting all the legal matters under one head.

Second. The department of public service. This department, I would think, should have charge of all property, highways, bridges, buildings and tools, etc., of our county.

Third. The department of public welfare. In charge of health, schools and everything pertaining to the welfare of the citizens of the county.

Fourth. The department of public safety. This department to do all police duty, serving all legal process and make all collections.

Fifth. The department of records and finance. This department would have charge of all records, all court proceedings, receive and disburse all money belonging to the county under proper voucher from each department.

Under this head proper accounting for all departments is provided for. The assessments and license are made by this department. In fact, a modern and proper method of bookkeeping and accounting centralized in one department. This department keeping check on every financial transaction of the county.

This plan provides that when possible all work should be done under competitive contracts. This plan providesthat all elevtive officials are directly responsible to the people and that the responsibility is fixed and are subject to referendum and recall.

It provides that full publicity of all public records be submitted to the public under a modern business-like statement. An adequate system of accounting that will guarantee a dollar's worth of service for each dollar expended, and the books open to inspection each day to any citizen. Finally itprovides for a complete business system, organized and operated like a well-regulated bank or business corporation, with the people as stockholders. They select the executive head, whose duty is to bring results for the stockholders. If he in any way fails in this he can be promptly discharged by the commission or recalled by the people or stockholders.

This manager would not need to be selected from any one place, but whenever the proper man or men could be found.

Germany, said to be the best governed country in the world, call their officials like we call our preachers, professors, etc. Fitness and merit is the ruling power in their selecting servants of the people. In Robeson who are the servants?

Comparisons of Salaries.

The county pays at present salaries amounting, or at the rate of $32,100 per annum. The incidental expenses such as lights, water, janitor service, stationery, etc., are not included but if all these items have increased like the taxes, I expect our court house and salary account would nearly equal the total levy of twenty years ago. You will note that at the present rate the total salaries exceed the 1913 total fees approximately $5,000.

Let's imagine we had the county divided in departments as suggested by the Dayton plan, and see if we think a good manager could employ the necessary help in the different departments at a saving to the county and give us better service.

First. The department of Law. I don't know what it cost, but I feel safe in saying one lawyer would do the whole work cheaper than several are now charging the different officials for their services.

Second. The department of public service. That department would care for all property belonging to the county. We would have to imagine that we could at least maintain our present efficiency in handling our road matters and have some of the road tax left. The road administration is about all we have gotten for the four to five hundred thousand dollars spent on roads under the present system and God only knows, how much has been spent for tools and equipment to be lost or thrown away every two years, when the road law is changed. You will agree with me that e take no risk of loss on this department.

Third. The department of public welfare. Under present system the salaries of health officers and superintendent of education and his clerk, not including incidentals or expenses of the boards, total $5,300. This department could make a handsome saving and still maintain or improve its efficiency.

Fourth. The department of public safety. This would take the sheriff, his deputies, rural policemen and so on under this head. My information is that this department is at the present time costing the county $11,100 per annum. This service cost the county two years ago $4,800 or $6,300 less than at present. I presume the service is more efficient, but it looks like we might maintain our present efficiency or improve it at a saving of something like $5,000.

Before leaving this subject I would suggest that you take your county commissioners and senator and representatives to one side, don't embarrass them by asking them in public, and ask them to please explain why it was necessary to increase this cost $6,300 more than it was two years ago and probably $3,000 to $5,000 more than under the hated-fee system.

Fifth. The department of records and finance. This department would take the place of the clerk, auditor, register and treasurer. These salaries combined at present amount to $13,400 per annum. A good manager could cut this item at least half and still greatly improve the efficiency.

The clerk or head of this department could be secured for $1,800. This would leave $4,900 to employ bookkeepers, stenographers and other clerical force necessary to maintain an up-to-date system of accounting for every department and every transaction for the entire county, out of one-half of the present expenditures in these departments. This, of course, does not make allowance for political campaigns or campaign contributions, but under this improved method business is substituted for politics and employes are paid for merit and service. Political debts and bossism have no place in the manager and commission plan of government.

Suggestion to Voters.

If I have convinced you that we need a change and that we take absolutely no risk in making the change, if you are now or become satisfied that this plan would be an improvement and you wanted it put into effect, then would come the question of how to obtain this change. My answer is, through your senators, representatives and commissioners. Here is the place for you to put your coupling-pin down.

If you send me to the Legislature who really and truly desire this economical, efficient, business-like government established, they will find a way to get it. If you send men there who don't want it, they will find obstacles to defeat it. I have already heard of some citizens raising constitutional and machine politics possibilities against it. This kind of representatives won't get it.

There is difference of opinion about the constitutional election requirements for two officers but even if these have to be elected the Legislature has full power to prescribe their salaries and duties and these could be put in departments and under the direction of the manager, which would bring the same results.

The recall of the commissioners and the manager would guarantee that political machine days were over in this county, besides the manager is not an elective, but an appointive officer and usually for only one year, therefore, I repeat, if your representatives want it they can get it for you, possibly not identical with this plan I submit, but in effect the same thing. Another objection I have heard is that it gave one man too much authority. I repeat, we take no risk, your recall and referendum gives you a safeguard on this point, that our present system has never furnished.

In further support of this plan, our National government furnishes a basis for this plan. The law-making bodies and the President are elective, all other officials appointive. No city that has adopted this plan has ever gone back to our antiquated system. There is a bill now pending in the Legislature of Louisiana to put the State under a similar form. The governor of Kansas is advocating it for that State. Our own model city, Charlotte, is now considering this plan. A writer for the July World's says: In the first ten minutes he sat in the Trenton, N. J., council room he saw business transacted that would not have been concluded in less than three months under the old system. Since the commission form was established at Trenton three years ago 15 other New Jersey cities have established it. He says though he tried he did not find a single man in Trenton who could give a single instance where commission government had failed. He says further that it has been successful in towns of 1,000 and cities of 400,000 and may solve New York's municipal problems. He says also that the Trenton government places responsibility where it can't be shirked. Every voter can know who is responsible and its success lies more in the form than in the men. Do you want it? If you do, its only a question of effort and time. We must have improvements from some source and I offer this as the best I can find.

In conclusion, I have heard that some had asked why I was advocating this plan, that I must expect something in return. I do expect a better and less expensive government. I control large interests and the taxes have become burdensome, I expect some relief from that source. But aside from that I hope that this effort today will result in making life easier for my fellow countrymen. I see life through a different light from the way it appeared to me in years gone by. I have seen in recent years fortunes swept away in a day. I have seen strong, healthy men collapse in an instant, these and other observations have convinced me that if we do any permanent good in this life it's what we do to make the world better and I would want no greater monument to my memory than that those who live with me and those who follow me could truthfully say that some act of my life had made the burdens of life fall lighter on them, and I believe this plan of government will bring results that will make life easier for this and the coming generations.

INVESTIGATION NEEDED FIRST.

In Eugenics Declares Dr. E. P. Ekings at Homeopathy Institute.

Atlantic City, N. J., July 5.—Dr. F. P. Ekings, of Patterson, N. J., at the final session today of the American Institute of Homeopathy, declared that in eugenics, investigation is needed first, then education of the people and finally legislation.

"The future of the race depends upon its parenthood," he said.

"Luxury is the prevailing sin of the age. Children should be trained to live within their means. The sin of ostentation is sin against the race for besides reduction of the birth rate it breeds degeneracy of the mind and body, which are alien to worthy parenthood."

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture. Weather Bureau.

July 6, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 72 degrees; at 8 P. M., 70 degrees; maximum, 78 degrees; minimum, 70 degrees; mean, 74 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .04; rainfall for the month, to date, .58 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 5.3 feet.

THE WEATHEh

For North Carolina—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday; rising temperature.

The Port Calendar, July 6, 1914.

Sun rises ..... 5:06 A. M.
Sun sets ..... 7:27 P. M.
Day's length ..... 14 hrs. 21 min.

THE TIDES

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Wilmington	8:24	9:06	3:44	3:49
Southport	6:34	7:06	12:50	12:43
Masonboro Inlet	6:23	6:54	12:30	12:23

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.
July 5, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Temperature: Lowest last night.	Precipitation 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	92	—	.0
Asheville	pt cldy	82	62	.0
Atlanta	pt cldy	92	70	.0
Augusta	clear	88	74	.0
Birmingham	clear	92	70	.0
Boston	cloudy	78	—	.0
Charleston	clear	86	72	.34
Charlotte	clear	84	68	.46
Chicago	clear	78	—	.0
Galveston	clear	86	80	.0
Jacksonville	cloudy	90	72	.56
Memphis	pt cldy	90	—	.0
Mobile	cloudy	94	74	.0
Montgomery	pt cldy	92	72	.0
New Orleans	cloudy	94	76	.0
New York	cloudy	72	—	.0
Oklahoma	clear	96	—	.0
Palestine	clear	94	74	.0
Pittsburgh	pt cldy	80	66	.76
Savannah	cloudy	88	70	.06
Shreveport	clear	98	—	.0
St. Louis	clear	94	—	.0
Washington	pt cldy	80	—	.70

MARINE.

Arrived.

Schr. Nellie W. Craig, Brand, 4.68 tons; Rort Reading, N. J., C. D. Mafflitt & Co.
Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Harburg (Ger.), 2,837 tons, Battaque, Heide & Co.
Str. Zijldijk (Dutch), 2,389 tons, Rynlnk, Heide and Co.
Str. George Pyman, (Br.) 2,508 tons, Hill, Heide and Co.

Schooners.

Schr. A. B. Sherman Brown, 510 tons, C. D. Mafflitt & Co.
Schr. Phillips M. Brooks, Saunders, 242 tons, C. D. Mafflitt & Co.
Schr. Nellie W. Craig, Brand, 465 tons, C. D. Mafflitt & Co.

A Different View.

"Health is wealth," quoted the sage.
"No, it isn't," replied the stranger. "I'm a doctor."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South"
Bulletin of Special Fares
—FROM—
WILMINGTON

NEW YORK $26.00
PHILADELPHIA 22.80
BALTIMORE 18.00
WASHINGTON 16.00

On sale daily, limited returning October 31.

KNOXVILLE, TENN. $15.60

On sale June 21, 22, 23, 27, 28; July 5, 6, 11 and 18, limited returning 15 days after date of sale, but may be extended to September 30, by depositing and paying $1.00.

NASHVILLE, TENN. $20.15

On sale June 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29; July 1, 6 and 14, limited returning, 15 days after date of sale, but may be extended to September 30 by depositing and paying $1.00.

MONTEAGLE & SEWANEE, TENN. $20.55

On sale June 30; July 6, 10, 17, 24, 25; August 3, 7 and 14, limited returning September 5.

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA. $49.65

On sale July 4 and 5, limited returnin July 13.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.85

On sale July 6 and 7, limited returning July 15.

TUSKEGEE, ALA. $23.95

On sale July 19 and 20, limited returning July 27.

SAVANNAH, GA. $14.10

On sale July 26, 27, 28 and 29, limited returning August 5.

KANSAS CITY, MO. $42.20

On sale August 1, 2 and 3, limited returning August 15.

Proportionately low excursion fares are made to above points from all other points on the Atlantic Coast Line on same dates.

Summer Excursion Tickets are on Sale to many Mountain, Lake, Seashore and Pleasure Resorts.

For schedules, reservations and any particulars desired, 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traff. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

TO THE BEACH

Suburban Schedule

In Effect Saturday, June 6, 1914

WEEK-DAYS

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
6:25 A. M.	6:05 A. M.
6:55 A. M.	7:10 A. M.
7:25 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
8:00 A. M.	8:15 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
5:30 P. M.	5:45 P. M.
6:10 P. M.	6:25 P. M.
6:30 P. M.	6:50 P. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	7:15 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 P. M.	11:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
7:00 P. M.	8:15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M.; and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
7:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
8:30 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	9:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 P. M.	11:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
11:00 A. M.	12:15 P. M.

Freight Depot Open: 10 to 11 A.M.

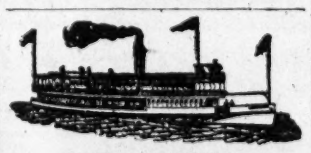
Telephone 667 for information about train movements and matters connected with Railway department.

New Sleeping Car Line

—BETWEEN—
WILMINGTON AND ATLANTA
(Daily)
—VIA—
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
"The Progressive Railway of the South"
Quickest Time via Shortest Route
Effective May 1, 1914.

Lv Wilmington ..... 5:00 P. M.
Ar Atlanta ..... 6:20 A. M.
Lv Atlanta ..... 9:55 P. M.
Ar Wilmington ..... 11:55 A. M.

E. E. HUNTER, D. F. A.,
Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.



SUMMER SCHEDULE
STEAMER WILMINGTON
—to—
CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT
Effective Tuesday, June 2nd, 1914.
Daily Schedule:
To Carolina Beach, 9 A. M. and 2:45 P. M.
To Southport, 9 A. M.
Sunday Schedule:
To Carolina Beach, 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M.
To Southport, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.
Returning 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Special Notice Will be Given of Extra Excursion Schedule.
Fare, Round Trip, to Carolina Beach, 25c.
NEW HANOVER TRANSIT CO.
Jos. J. Loughlin, Secretary and Treasurer.
J. B. Fox, Agent.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Premier Carrier of the South

CHANGE IN
WINSTON-SALEM-RALEIGH PULLMAN CAR LINE.

Effective Friday, June 12, 1914, the present Winston-Salem-Raleigh Pullman Car Line will be changed to Winston-Salem - Beaufort - Morehead City Pullman Car Line for the Summer Season, and will continue in effect until Saturday, August 22, 1914.

For further information, reservations, etc., communicate with

J. O. JONES,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective June 1, 1914. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. ! 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:40 P. M. and Richmond 4:10 P. M.	No. 91. a 1:15 A.M.
No. 51. * 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. **Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.**	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. ! 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. ! 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. * 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. **Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.**	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford, commencing June 15. **Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.**	No. 52. * 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. ! 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. !12:50 P.M.
No. 57. * 6:20 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Conway and Intermediate stations.	No. 58. * 9:55 A.M.
No. 55. * 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah, **All Florida Points**, Columbia, Asheville and the West. **Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.**	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 59. * 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. *10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond Norfolk, Washington and New York. **Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.**	No. 41. *10:00 A.M.
No. 68. b7:30 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 69. b 10:15 A.M.

* Daily. ! D Daily except Sunday. b Sunday only. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ASHEVILLE

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS ON ALL TRAINS.	NO. 51 DAILY.	No. 55 DAILY.	Excursion Fares from Wilmington
Lv. Wilmington, N. C., A. C. Line	5:25 A.M.	3:45 P.M.	.....
Ar. Columbia, S. C.	12:50 P.M.	10:50 P.M.	.....
Lv. Columbia, S. C., Southern Ry.	1:00 P.M.	11:50 P.M.	.....
Ar. Spartanburg, S. C., Southern Ry	4:10 P.M.	3:45 A.M.	$12.15
Ar. Tryon, N. C., Southern Ry	5:20 P.M.	4:50 A.M.	13.75
Ar. Saluda, N. C., Southern Ry	6:00 P.M.	5:20 A.M.	14.15
Ar. Flat Rock, N. C., Southern Ry.	6:15 P.M.	5:38 A.M.	14.65
Ar. Hendersonville, N. C., So. Ry.	6:30 P.M.	5:50 A.M.	14.70
Ar. Biltmore, N. C., Southern Ry	7:15 P.M.	6:45 A.M.	15.15
Ar. Asheville, N. C., Southern Ry.	7:30 P.M.	7:00 A.M.	15.15
Ar. Waynesville, N. C., So. Ry	9:20 P.M.	10:00 A.M.	16.10
Lv. Hendersonville, N. C., So. Ry.	6:40 P.M.	10:05 A.M.	14.70
Ar. Brevard, N. C., Southern Ry	7:41 P.M.	11:19 A.M.	15.15
Ar. Lake Toxaway, N. C., So. Ry.	8:45 P.M.	12:20 P.M.	15.75

The excursion fares are in effect every day until September 30th, good to stop over and limited to return until October 31st, 1914.

Excursion fares are in effect to many other mountain, lake seashore pleasure and health resorts

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

The Standard Railroad of the South.

'PHONE 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.

ATLANTA

THROUGH

Sleeping Cars

Of All Steel Construction

Via the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

The Standard Railroad of the South

Lv. WILMINGTON Daily	3.45 P. M.
Ar. FLORENCE	7.30 P. M.
Lv. FLORENCE	7.55 P. M.
Ar. AUGUSTA	1.40 A. M.
Ar. ATLANTA	6.00 A. M.

Passengers by this route destined to points beyond Atlanta, have the advantage of an earlier arrival, thereby making certain WESTERN CONNECTIONS, and those for Atlanta proper may remain in sleeper until 7:00 A. M.

PHONE 160

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Going North This Summer?

The Following
LOW ROUND TRIP RATES FROM WILMINGTON
Are in Effect Every Day Until Sept. 30, Final Return Limit Oct. 31.
TICKETS GOOD TO STOP OVER.
VIA THE

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

"The Standard Railroad of the South"

To WASHINGTON,	To BALTIMORE,	To PHILADELPHIA,	To NEW YORK,
$16.00	$18.00	$22.80	$26.00

Summer Excursion Rates are in effect to many other Mountain Lake and Seashore Resorts.
For all particulars, reservations, etc., also for
RATES FROM OTHER POINTS
Telephone 160, or Address

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager, T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ARE YOU ONE

of that countless legion of men and women made miserable by the summer's heat?

A FEW "HELPFUL HEAT HINTS."

PARACAMPH has a delightful cooling effect upon sunburn.

AMMEN'S PRICKLEY HEAT POWDER—"Nuf Sed."

ODORONO—A Preparation which truly stops undesirable perspiration.

A Full Line of All Toilet Necessities.

1880 **Hardin's Pharmacy** 1914

Sunday Hours: 8:00 to 1:30; 2:30 to 9:00 P. M.
126 S. FRONT ST. 'PHONE 55

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the city at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; 50 cents for one month, or served by carrier in the city at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance: $5.00 per year; $2.50 for six months; $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will inveriably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable, and all communications should be addressed, to THE WILMINGTON STAR CO

Monday, July, 6, 1914.

When you see it in some New York newspapers it needs confirmation.

Somebody seems to have intervened in the Pinchot war on the Hon. George Wampum Perkins.

When a man gets to be a fanatic and attracts a lot of fellows he is more dangerous than most lunatics.

Some men run for office on credit and others on their nerve, but some of them make a noise like they are running on their spleen.

Congresses might legislate till doomsday but the crops beat all laws in making the country prosperous. If Congress will protect the people by law the crops will do the rest.

The Mexicans do not want peace among themselves as much as we desire it, else all sides would help us to pacify their country so it can recover from years of bloodshed and turmoil.

The Huerta of North Carolina politics should make himself known so he can get the credit or take the blame. Nobody seems to know whom to blame for everything that hapens or does not happen.

John L. Sullivan seems to look on the water wagon as a savings bank. He says it has enabled him to lay up $100,000 in eight years. At one time John's thirst prevented him from buying the great pink diamond.

A young man starts out in life with the purpose of making a man of himself, but before he can do it he lets some girl make a fool of him. After that, the girl comes to the conclusion that she has made a fool of herself, and fully expects that the worst is yet to come.

Republicans insist on calling the Progressive party "a wing of the Republican party." The Progressive party wishes to be considered a whole bird of its own but its mean hope is to feed itself on disgruntled Republicans. It depends on gobbling up all Republicans who come its way.

Col. Henry Watterson says: "The poor negro of the South, who used to be deluded into voting the carpetbag ticket by promise of 'forty acres and a mule,' did not have to wait very long before he was undeceived. The poor peon will not wait at all." The poor peon seems to be wading in but may yet learn that it takes money to buy land in Mexico as well as in Texas.

The New York Herald seems to have furnished the particulars about what has been known in a way for a long time concerning the relations between big business interests and the Mexican revolution. It has been suspected a long time that American interference for years past has played its part in the situation which calls for ultimate American intervention.

When a man wants to go to the Legislature he ought to want to go to do something for the people instead of something for himself. A man who does not know what he wants to do or does not know what he ought to do when he goes to the Legislature enerally does what the 'crowd" wants him to do. That means that sometimes he does things he ought not to do. A man who has no programme of his own is generally persuaded to take a minor part in the programme of some other fellow.

Those who looked on or took part at Lumina on the Fourth, day or night, and who joined the thousands of surf bathers, or watched the merry water nymphs, naiades and oceanids, have no need to wonder why everybody loves to come to the seashore for sport and recreation. The sight of it all makes folks feel young or wish they could once more get in the swim. They generally do, unless somebody holds them. A reprehensible spectator who looked on the brilliant and delightful spectacle Saturday night, threatens to dye his hair black and limber up on eel oil so he won't feel like a fellow at a fishing frolic without a hook and line.

COMMERCIAL DAIRY OPPORTUNITIES.

Thirty-five thousand people consume many tons of butter each year, use an immense quantity of milk and cream, indulge in huge quantities of ice cream, and buy thousands of pounds of cheese. We have at least that many consumers of those products in Wilmington, hence we have a large demand at home and a good market not only in Wilmington but throughout North Carolina.

Therein lies a fine opportunity for a big commercial dairy, or just as many co-operative dairies as the farmers can organize themselves. The difference between the two classes of dairies is that the farmers co-operate in supplying cream to a creamery of their own or one established at some shipping point close to their community, while a commercial dairy is one conducted by a company which owns its own farms, makes its own milk and cream and converts them into butter, ice cream and cheese at its own plant.

A commercial dairy supplies customers with its fresh milk and cream and other products by retail and wholesale, and such an institution anywhere is one of the opportunities of the times.

There are all sorts of opportunities in and around Wilmington, but a commercial dairy and creamery is one that is as conspicuous as it is needful. It is needed because thousands of consumers here want something to depend upon. They need it to supply their demands, and it is one industry that naturally would get the home trade.

Last summer we saw something of one of the largest daries and creamerles in the United States. It has made a multi-millionaire of the man who started it, and if we look on the can containing the condensed milk we consume in Wilmington we will see the name of Borden. Of course, his is an immense business spreads out over large areas here and there, with farms, plants and factories galore, a huge system conducted on a clook-like plan of operations.

A commercial dairy is what is needed right around Wilmington. There is plenty of land for the farming feature, for that is the ground work of success in conducting a dairy business. Most of the necessary forage and feed stuffs is grown on a commercial dairy farm and it is fed to the cattle and converted into milk and cream, and beef and pork. The process goes on until the finished products of the creamery are butter, ice cream, and cheese.

The butter factory, the ice cream factory, the condensed milk factory, and the cheese factory are all parts of a big creamery system, and they are but the industries located on a dairy farm to use the raw material from the fields and the herds. The fields supply the cattle and the cattle supply the factories, the whole constituting an ideal and profitable business.

In a section with mild winters like we have around Wilmington there is not a month in the year that cattle cannot have grazing, and silos can be filled as they can in no other country. Besides that, we are in a country where cotton seed meal is produced and where all the conditions make this a natural and ideal dairying country. Forage and grazing crops grow rapidly in this section, and there is no need of detailing the numerous products that spring right up out of the ground and hurry to maturity as they do not in other sections. Captain E. D. Williams gets from three to four cuttings of alfalfa a season, and there are several winter grazing crops which flourish during our very coldest weather.

No dairying business depends on ranges. It depends on grazing and forage production, for which we have never seen a country of greater adaptabilities than that which lies temptingly all around Wilmington. The beauty about it is that the dairying and creamery business can never be overdone, for the reason that the market reaches from here to New York and all the balance of the country. Cars loaded with milk and cream arrive in Wilmington every day, and it but aids one to see for himself the great possibilities in commercial and co-operative dairies and creameries.

However, a commercial dairy and creamery would afford the farmers all the market they might need in order to enable them to keep fine cattle and add another money-making feature to their farming operations.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT RESIGNS.

The Outlook sends The Star a released announcement of the resignation of former President Theodore Roosevelt as a member of the editorial staff of that magazine. The announcement comes in the form of two letters, one written by Colonel Roosevelt to Dr. Lyman Abbott, the editor, tendering his resignation and the other by Dr. Abbott accepting the resignation of his distinguished associate. Concurrently, however, it is announced that while Colonel Roosevelt severs his editorial connection with the magazine, he will contribute, from time to time, a series of exclusive special articles, the first of which will be entitled "The People and Judge-made Laws." They will be followed with articles on important questions of domestic and international interest.

Colonel Roosevelt has resigned his editorial position on account of politics. That is, he expects to be so actively engaged in politics that he will not be able to give his attention to his editorial duties. He writes Dr. Abbott how deeply he has appreciated his connection with The Outlook for the last five years. The colonel expresses regret to have to part with Dr. Abbott and his colleagues, but it can be judged from his letter that he just can't bother with being an editor while there is any politics to lure him away from the prosaic life of journalism. Among other things, he writes:

"If I had been able to be, as I expected to be, a man entirely removed from all participation in active politics, nothing would give me keener pleasure than to keep on in the future exactly as in the past.

"But the developments of the last three or four years have rendered it imperative that I should take a more or less active part in trying to secure in the Nation and in the several States the triumph of those principles embodied in the Progressive platform of 1912. Whatever I can do, for instance, to aid in the elimination of men like Mr. Penrose, Mr. Murphy and Mr. Barnes from control of our political life, I must do. In addition, I now feel that I am in honor bound to stand in strong opposition to the administration. I feel that as regards our international relations the policy of the present administration has meant the abandonment of the interest and honor of America. Furthermore, I feel that within our own boundaries the course pursued by the administration has meant the abandonment of every sane effort to secure the abatement of social and industrial evils. Its legislative and executive programme has brought about grave industrial depression and suffering to business man, farmer and wage-worker alike, although perhaps most of all to the wage-worker. Having to do this political work, it has become impossible for me to give the time necessary to carry out my duties as a member of the editorial staff of The Outlook. Accordingly, with the deepest regret I hereby resign from that position."

The siren of third termism is calling too loudly for Colonel Roosevelt, and he just can't stand her flute-like and plaintive voice as it comes through a golden megaphone calling him to duty. Ambition stands back of the siren and keeps her right on the job pleading and calling and persuading till the colenel can stand it no longer.

Some three years ago the colonel discovered a whole lot of things calculated to cure "industrial evils" and procure "social justice," but Taft was President at the time and was trying to get the nomination for a second term. Taft's not being a person to be trusted with doing great things along that special line, the colonel decided that he was altogether too bumptious and should not be re-nominated. Therefore and thereupon he parted horses with his old friend Bill and tried to beat him for the nomination so he could give the country a third term of Rooseveltism. Taft carried the day in the National Republican Convention, but the colonel bolted, organized the Progressive party and ran anyhow. Wilson was elected, and so history goes.

Along in 1911 and 1912, the reason why the colonel was trying to run the hog over Taft was because Taft persisted in being in his way. That made it necessary to intervene and eliminate him because he was "in" and had no idea of getting out to give the colonel a run for a third term. Taft was beaten in the Presidential election in 1912, and so was the colonel, but both got 'em a job. —Taft as a professor in Yale and Roosevelt as associate editor of The Outlook, a New York magazine.

At last accounts, Professor Taft was right on his job, and is holding on to it because politics is not worrying him till he can't rest. Nevertheless, the colonel has thrown up his job so he can work for another, but in order to secure it he has to get Wilson out. If Taft were in, it would be his goat that Teddy would have to get and would be after getting, but it happens to be Wilson who blocks the way. Therefore, in Teddy's vision of a third term, Wilson looks to him as if he is "what the little boy shot at."

The whole country understands it and the probability is that it makes Wilson and the people laugh. In this neck of the woods the horse laugh is heard.

SEIZING OPPORTUNITIES, AND WHY

Many opportunities in North Carolina stare us right in the face, but there are others which the keen sighted and the far sighted have to see first. Some of us are from Missouri and have to be shown a good thing before we know it but there are others who look way ahead and see opportunities in practically everything. It is those "forward looking men"—those men with comprehensive visions who look ahead and take the initative in manufacturing or other industrial enterprises and lead in progressive movements.

Nevertheless, among the Missouri class there are plenty of enterprising men who get in the game when it is shown to them. All Wilmingtonians ought to be like that, and if they have capital, large or small, they ought to invest it in industries and enterprises in Wilmington. Primarily, a man wants to get something for his money and that is the reason he goes into business, establishes some industry or enterprise or puts in his money with others in a joint stock company to promote a manufacturing enterprise or establish some kind of industry. It is quite the carrect idea that no man should be expected to go into any business or enterprise for his health, unless he has more money than he knows what to do with. However, while a home investor's main object is to make money with his money, he couples with it the desire to do that much towards developing his city, the city of his home, the place where he is raising his children, where he is giving them a start towards education, and where he hopes there will be plenty of opportunities for them.

For the benefit of ourselves and for the good of Wilmington, therefore, we should seize every opportunity in sight and make them assets. An opportunity is a possibility that has not been developed into the real thing, and it is needless to say that when we realize that any kind of industry and enterprise is possible or feasible and promisory of profit we should seize that opportunity and go on developing the city and enlarging the opportunities for the thousands of young people upon whom Wilmington must depend for the future.

That is the ground upon which a Wilmington man can base the hope that his boys and girls will stay in Wilmington. Just as soon as a young man grows up and gets his eyes open to the fact that he has to look out for number one, he looks around for an opportunity. If he sees none, he takes his clothes and goes somewhere else to get the best chaice in life that he thinks is coming to him. If there are none at home he goes off and becomes an asset of some other locality or community, whether it be in a city or in the country.

There is an old saying to the effect that "the world owes us a living". So it does, but we have to go after it and dig down for it. It is promised to us and we will get it by doing some thing to get it. Young men will do that here if they have the opportunity, but they are going to do it somewhere else if their chances are better than here.

The main reason why we should develop Wilmington is to give its young men greater opportunities and keep them here as assets in the future development of the city. Give the home boys a chance. If they are good for anything anywhere else they are just as good for it here.

Some American papers are blaming Colonel Bryan for injecting into General Villa his ambition to become President of Mexico. Colonel Bryan may be able to prove an alibi by showing from the files of American newspapers that their sketches and every-day pictures of Villa, the conuerer, have done more to inflate Villa with egomania than the colonel has ever done while waiting for the dove of peace to hatch out pacification.

A number of reactionaries who used to advertise on a fence, under the impression that most everybody went out of their way to look the fence over, have decided to do all their advertising in newspapers. The principle reason, doubtless, is that no fence goes to the homes of people like a newspaper.

A Georgia legislator proposes a law compelling the advertisement of engagements one month before marriage. We refrain from saying a thing in his favor till it is learned whether his bill absolutely prohibits the use of the fence and the court house door as advertising mediums.

"Are we as beautiful as the ancients?" inquires the New Orleans Picayune. Leaving out the men, we can speak only for the girls of North Carolina. We have never seen any ancient that could compare in beauty and loveliness with the blondes, brunettes and peroxides of Tarheelia.

A lot of sore-headed Democrats in Louisiana have marched over to the standing army at Armageddon. Those who get cold feet on account of standing at Armageddon will march from there to the Republican camp and will be "taken in" as well as received.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Hon. Rome G. Brown comes all the way from Minnesota to denounce our genial chief justice for "Muckraking the Constitution." He doesn't understand Judge Clark, as homefolk do. Arguing about politics is simply a diversion of Judge Clark's, Mr. Brown; it is when he is on the bench, handing out justice and equity, and construing the laws of the State in the light of the constitution and of horse sense, that he gets down to brass tacks.—Greensboro News Ind.

"Wrightsville Beach Choice of Dentists; Will Come if Suitable Rates Can be had." So ran a headline in The Wilmington Star, and it would indicate from all reports that the North Carolina dentists are wiser in their day and generation than are the editors of the aforesaid State. It was not the fault of the hotel men, however, but of the executive committee of the association, which duly met at Raleigh and decided to hold its meting at Wrightsville without having had the foresight to see about the rates. Next time they will know better. And it is only fair, also, to say that the committee which met at Raleigh did not have the wise and experienced counsel of Secretary Sherill, who had been detained at home. The rates should be always the first thing settled upon.—Charlotte Observer.

So many events of importance are scheduled to happen at Kenansville during the first week of August that some one has suggested that data as a home coming week for the sons and daughters of old Kenansville. An effort will be made to have the grand opening of the Atlantic and Carolina Railroad take place upon the day of the Old Soldiers' Reunion, also the Duplin County Teachers Institute will be held about this time. The progressive citizens of Kenansville and the county at large are putting their heads together for the purpose of getting up the biggest thing in the way of a day of entertainment and celebration ever held in the history of this good old town. Doubtless there will be a brass band and a barbecue and a basket picnic, and speeches by several distinguished Kenansville and Duplin men who have made good in other towns. This will afford a splendid opportunity for all Duplinitnes to get together and shake hands all around, get better asquainted with each other and become more like one big family all working together for the honor and the glory of our old county. --Duplin Enterprise

Impressions Received At Press Convention

The following paragraphs are excerpts from two columns of editorial which appeared in the Scottish Chief, of Maxton, of which "Young" W. B. Harker is the very interesting and virile editor

"The entertainment of the North Carolina Press Association members at Wrightsville Beach last week by the members of the local press of Wilmington, The Tidewater Power Company, and many others of the people of the City by the Sea, and of Southport, where about 150 of the editors and members of their families were taken by that gentlemanly Boatman, Captain Harper, on his steamer. The Wilmington, was most cordial and pleasing to all. The convention itself was one of the most interesting and profitable meetings we have ever attended.

"The weather was not cool but the surf bathing was at its best, the seafood and service all that we could hope for and the open hearted hospitality of Thompson, Cowan, Clawson and others of the press, including "Ben Bell", of the old Messenger; Captain Skelding and others of the power company, Stevenson, Watson, Taylor and others including the ladies who served such a delicious spread of clam chowder, panfish and all the good things to eat and drink at the Masonic Temple at Southport; Colonel Bennett and other officers at Fort Caswell and the officers and their ladies at the quarantine station; was so genuinely cordial and pleasant that there was sufficient inspiration to bring out all that was best in those who made addresses and otherwise took part in the sessions of the Association.

'The press badge was an open sesame to the trolley lines and other conveniences. The automobile owners drove the members over the city and over the fine roads down the river and through all the beautiful suburbs and back to Wrightsville, giving those of us who knew that section many years ago a chance to compare the present with the past. It will be only a short time when Wilmington's suburbs as planned and now being rapidly built up will make in truth the "City by the Sea."

"The trip down the lower Cape Fear on the steamer Wilmington with Captain J. W. Harper at the wheel and pleasant companionship of friends was most delightful, and the feast of reason and flow of soul as well as the substantial spread at the temple, situated among the old spreading live oaks, gave us a comparison of the present Southport with old Smithville, the place of rest and a vision of the teaming harbour and city of the future. We expect to return to this subject again."

"Whatever Dr. Clarence Poe may not know, he certainly does know how to arrange a program and choose men who can make the best of it. Wherever you place that young man he measures up to the place and occasion He certainly moved the standard up as president of the North Carolina Press Association. Latter on we expect to publish his address delivered at Wrightsville last week."

"Yes, we have lived to see skyscrapers in Wilmington.

"The new home and equipment of The Wilmington Star was a delight for us to see last Friday night. No wonder that Thompson, (from Robeson), Clawson, Bernard, Parham, (from Robeson) and the other young men engaged in making one of the very best papers in the State, were looking happy. Yet, we could not forget the absent Major who taught us about all we know. His letter to the association in which he referred to his physical decadence and his old association with the press brought moisture to the eyes of many old friends present. His eyesight is failing. He had left for Fayetteville to spend a while with ex-Sseriff Frank Stedman. May his days be lengthened and happiness abide with the oldest and best of living "boys."

A PROGRESSIVE BODY.

Editorial from the Roanoke-Chowan Times:

"The North Carolina Press Association is a progressive body. At the annual meeting at Wrightsville Beach last week President Clarence Poe struck the keynote in his address, the subject of which was 'The North Carolina Editor Must Be a Crusader,' and the closing address was by Norman Hapgood, editor of Harper's Weekly, whose subject was, 'The Southern Editor's Big Job.' Resolutions were adopted favoring the enactment of a law guaranteeing to every voter the right to participate in the selection of public officers and favoring the proposed constitutional amendments. Strange to say the only vote cast against these resolutions was cast by a State officer, Mr. M. L. Shipman, commissioner of labor and printing, who has had a soft berth for six years. It was the best and most profitable meeting we have attended during the twenty-two years we have been a member."

The following is from three-quarter column story in the American Press, of New York, which story of the North Carolina Press Convention was illustrated with cuts of Secretary Daniels and Mr. Norman Hapgood:

"The element of pleasure was not lacking, however, the night sessions for business being made as short as possible so that the balance could be given up to dancing and music. Besides this an entire afternoon was devoted to automobile and trolley rides given by the citizens of Wilmington, while other members with their families and friends went fishing or bathing.

"The convention ended with a trip on the steamship Wilmington down Cape Fear river to Southport, where dinner was served, and the trip continued to Fort Caswell, United States quarantine station, after which the return trip was made."

WILSON HARDWARE STORE ROBBED SEVENTH TIME.

Large Amount of Firearms and Ammunition Taken.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., July 5.—For the seventh time since the firm has been in business here and for the third time within the year, the hardware store of Dildy & Agnew was burglarized Friday night. In addition to some other merchandise, number of guns and munition, a number of guns and pispistols were taken.

This time the thieves gained access from the top of the building, making an entrance through an addition being erected. As in every other instance the thieves seem to have been attracted especially by the stock of guns and revolvers.

BUILDERS SUPPLIES

50,000 5-inch No. 1 Cypress Shingles.
60,000 4-inch No. 1 Cypress Shingles.
75,000 5-inch Red Cedar Shingles.
25,000 5-inch Hand-Made Shingles.
15,000 4-inch Pine Shingles.
40,000 No. 1 Pine Laths.
4,000 bags Portland Cement.
2,000 bags Wall Plaster.
300 bags Fire Clay.
400 bags Hydrated Lime.
500 barrels Rock Lime.
00,000 Darlington Brick.
20,000 Fire Brick.
9,000 Wash. Pressed Brick.
800 rolls Rubber Roofing.
4,000 feet Drain Tile.
3,000 feet Sewer Pipe.

Water Proofing, Atlas White Cement, Asbestos Cement, Tin Shingles, Flue Pipe, Flue Lining, Mortar Color, Etc. We offer the Best Material at Attractive Prices, and Respectfully Solicit Your Orders.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

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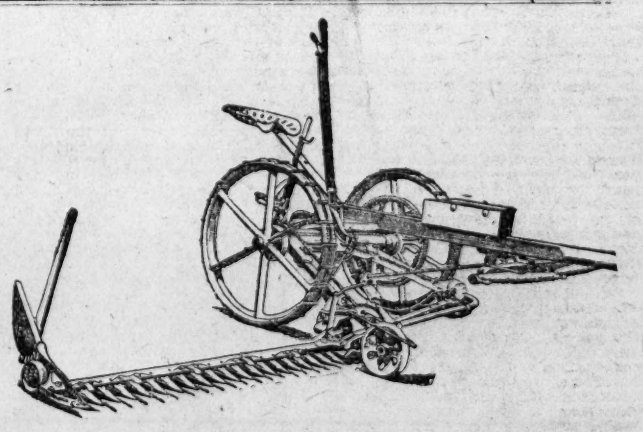
OCEANIC HOTEL

First Stop on the Beach

The bathing in front of the Oceanic is excellent

Take a Dip and Enjoy a Sea Food Supper

C. E. HOOPER, Manager
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.



WALTER A. WOOD MOWING MACHINES AND HORSE RAKES

We are this day receiving our first carload of these Superior Machines. We will put them up against any machine sold and controlled by the great Harvester Trust.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
East Carolina Distributing Agents.
PURCELL BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C

GO TO
THE FAMOUS
SEASHORE HOTEL
WRIGHTSVILLE, BEACH, N. C. OPEN JUNE 1st
It is one of the most charming Summer Re in America. Fine beach, splendid surf bathir fishing. No mosquitoes or flies. New 7 steel pier. The new annex has 80 capacity of hotel is now 240 rooms; have bath and toilet. Through ele with all A.C.L. and S.A.L. trair
Descriptive booklet with rates, views and ments and pleasures of this splendid
E. L. HIN ager
Wright Beach, N. C.

DEPUTY SHERIFF KILLED BY DESPERATE NEGRO

Fatal Shooting at Northwest Saturday Night

Mr. Isaac W. Skipper Killed and Two Others Wounded by Negro Who Was Later Wounded by Some One in Crowd.

Resisting the efforts of the officer to place him under arrest, James Tomoney, a Wilmington negro, Saturday night at 11:30 o'clock, at W. P. Medlin's store, at Northwest, Brunswick county, shot and almost instantly killed Deputy Sheriff Isaac W. Skipper, of Farmers; then turned his automatic pistol on the crowd in the building and shot his way to the street, wounding several others, and started to flee, only to fall severely wounded by a charge of buck shot from a shot gun in the hands of some one in the crowd.

News of the shooting reached the city yesterday morning, when Tomoney and Cap Robinson, colored, one of those wounded, were brought to the James Walker Memorial Hospital here for treatment. Tomoney has a number of buck shot wounds in his body, several having pierced his lungs, and his recovery is very doubtful. His condition last night was reported to be serious. Robinson, the other negro, was hit in the leg by a bullet from Tomoney's gun, the limb being badly shattered. It is probable that if will have to be amputated.

The dead officer was 41 years of age, and married. In addition to his wife, he is survived by nine children, five sons and four daughters, as well as a number of other relatives, some of whom live in Wilmington. He was a most capable officer, having served as constable and deputy sheriff in Northwest township for about six years, and was well known throughout the county for his fearlessness, and his untiring zeal in the discharge of his duties, as well being generally esteemed for his fine personality and manly conduct.

The tragedy caused widespread sorrow throughout Brunswick county yesterday, news of the shooting having spread all over the territory, and hundreds of friends and acquaintances were deeply grieved over the death of the officer.

According to accounts reaching here yesterday, Tomoney had attended a negro festival of some kind near Northwest, Saturday, and had celebrited the Fourth of July rather hilariously, winding up by shooting up a negro lodge meeting, or some similar gathering early Saturday night. The negroes resented his conduct and Cap Robinson went after an officer.

Armed with a warrant for Tomoney's arrest, and accompanied by a nephew, Geo. W. Skipper, and the latter's son, Jack Skipper, Deputy Sheriff Isaac W. Skipper went to Northwest to make the arrest.

Tomoney was located in Mr. W. P. Medlin's store, where quite a crowd had gathered to do their shopping for Saturday night. The negro was at the counter, eating a lunch when the officer and the members of his party came up. Mr. Skipper placed the negro under arrest. Tomoney, appearing to submit peacefully, drew his automatic pistol while seated at the counter, the officer being prevented from seeing him in the act of drawing the gun.

Without raising his arm, and shooting from the hip, the negro opened fire, the first bullet taking effect in Mr. Skipper's left side, inflicting a mortal wound.

As the negro fired, the officer had time only to hit him over the head with his club.

The officer's club dropped from his hands and he fell to the floor, while the negro turned his revolver on the crowd and commenced a general fusillade. Cap Robinson, the negro who went after the officer, dropped, with his leg shattered by a bullet from Tomoney's revolver, Mr. G. W. Skipper had his gun knocked from his hands by another bullet, which glanced and hit his son, Mr. Jack Skipper, on the skull, inflicting a scalp wound and rendering the young man unconscious. As he fell, another bullet from Tomoney's gun split open one of the fingers on his right hand.

Still shooting, Tomoney forced his way through the crowd and disappeared through the door. Fumbling with his gun and apparently trying to reload it, he started across the railroad track to make his escape, when some one in the crowd around the store fired at him with a shot gun loaded with buck shot, a large part of the load taking effect. Tomoney fell, and was taken in charge by members of the party.

No one yesterday seemed to know who fired the shot that brought Tomoney to the ground. In all likelihood a number of those who were in the crowd at the store know who fired the shot, but for some reason or other they are apparently keeping the information to themselves, possibly with the idea of shielding the man who shot the negro from any connection with the case if it ever comes to court.

Deputy Sheriff Skipper died within five minutes after the shooting. The other wounded men were made as comfortable as possible. It was found that young Mr. Jack Skipper was not seriously wounded.

Tomoney and Robinson were brought to the city yesterday morning and placed in the hospital. If Tomoney recovers from his wound, he will be taken to Southport and placed in jail to await trial on charge of murder.

BISHOP STRANGE ILL

Condition Was Critical Yesterday—Improved Last Night

Friends of Rt. Rev. Robert Strange, Bishop of the Diocese of East Carolina, who was taken seriously ill at his cottage at Wrightsville Beach yesterday morning about 10 o'clock, will be glad to learn that his condition last night was much improved. He will be brought to his home in the city this morning.

The bishop has never fully recovered from his illness of last Fall. He began growing worse Saturday noon but no serious apprehension was felt until yesterday morning. 10 o'clock he became seriously ill for several hours he was in extreme Physicians were summoned and administered treatment which caused him to rally. He was reported last night as resting quietly and as much improved.

KAPPA SIGMA CONCLAVE

Members of Fraternity in North and South Carolina Gather at The Beach

Beginning this morning at 11:30 with a business session the Kappa Sigma fraternity men of District Five, which includes the States of North and South Carolina, open their annual conclave at Wrightsville Beach They will be in session two days with headquarters at the Oceanic Hotel.

Visitors began arriving as early as last Friday for the conclave and with those who reached Wilmington yesterday and those expected to arrive on the early trains this morning will swell the attendance at the first session to several score. Others will come in later who were prevented getting here in time for the opening of the convention. The total attendance is expected to reach the hundred mark. There are a large number of Kappa Sigmas in district five, though there is no active chapter of the fraternity in South Carolina at the present time.

Among the questions to be discussed at the meetings is how to correct the general impression that has gotten out to the effect that college fraternities are harmful to the young men who join them. One of the members of the above fraternity, in an interview yesterday, pointed out numbers of men who have won fame in every profession and while less than fifty per cent. of those attending college join fraternities more than fifty per cent. of those who reach the top of the ladder in professional and business careers are fraternity men. He deeply deplored the fact that the general public did not discriminate between the national fraternities and a certain class of local fraternities which are organized more for selfish purposes and generally by men who have failed to make other fraternities in the college.

Officers for the coming year are to be elected during the conclave, and a meeting place selected for next year.

Local members of the fraternity have worked with the officers of the district in preparing a programme for the entertainment of the visitors and while only one feature of the social programme is within doors, those who are at Wrightsville are planning two days full of fun and business. A smoker to be given in the convention hall at the Oceanic Hotel this afternoon at 4 o'clock is the only social event to be held within doors. Two business sessions of the fraternity, one at 11:30 this morning and the other at the same hour tomorrow morning will conclude the business sessions of the conclave. Most of the visitors being from the interior, the local men thought they would prefer to make themselves at home in the surf and at Lumina rather than have a set programme to follow and that idea dominated in the arranging of the programme. Quite a number of ladies are expected to be here with their husbands and brothers and a jolly good time is expected by all those attending. A dance probably will be given in their honor at Lumina Tuesday night.

The weird fraternity call is expected to sound from one end of the island to the other for the next two days and the surf promises to be full of fraternity folks from morning till night.

SERVICES AT ST. ANDREWS

Interior Work in Main Auditorium About Complete Now

Perhaps the last of the services to be held in the lecture room of the house of worship, pending the painting and redecorating of the main auditorium of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church were those held yesterday with sermons by Dr. McClure, the pastor. Dr. McClure announced at the evening service yesterday that before the end of the week the work on the interior of the main auditorium would be completed and that unless something unforseen occured the services next Sabbath would be held in the main auditorium as usual.

However, the plan of the joint preaching and Christian Endeavor services at night during the Summer have become so enjoyable and profitable that these will be continued until further notice. The service last night was especially interesting and Dr. McClure's sermon in connection with the Christian Endeavor exercises was along the same general theme of of "Friendship", which was so comprehensively treated by the young people of the Society prior to the regular church services. Dr. McClure paid high tribute to the C. E. work at Saint Andrew's and announced that the regular monthly business meeting would be held this evening at 8 o'clock in the ladies' parlor on the second floor of the annex. The usual social session will also be enjoyed on this occasion.

Dr. McClure in speaking of "Friendship" last night said that friendship was largely a matter of resolution, of determination, of will and that its manifestation was in service to another to the friend. And there could be no true friendship, he told his congregation, except the friend was a friend of Christ and one devoted to his service. He gave a beautiful illustration of true friendship in the singular devotion of the natives in the heart of Africa, when, upon his death, they took the body of David Livingstone, the great Scotch explorer, and carried it 1,500 miles across a continent in order that it might be delivered to the English consul and subsequently be sent to England, where singular honors were paid to his memory and the remains were laid to rest in Westminister Abbey. It was Livingstone who had brought to these natives the light and comforts of a Christian religion and their devotion to the good, and great man was pictured as sublime. Dr. McClure pointed, in conclusion, to Christ as the true friend and admonished his hearers to seek this friendship as the one friendship to be valued above all others.

The leader of the Christian Endeavor service last night was Mr. Edwin M. McClure, son of Dr. McClure, and it was one of the best services of those yet held. Young Mr. McClure presided at the meeting with ease and ability, proving himself a son worthy the name of McClure, wherever the popular and consecrated pastor of St. Andrew's is known.

Weakness and Loss of Appetite.
Standard general strengthening
GROVES TASTELESS chill
drives out Malaria and builds
them. A true tonic and sure
For adults and children.
(Advertisement.)

BUSINESS AND RELIGION

Earnest Plea That Principles of Righteousness Shall Rule Made by Rev. J. A. Sullivan

"The common tendency of the times is that whenever religion hurts business, the former is disregarded while the latter is made of supreme importance," said Rev. J. A. Sullivan in his morning sermon at Brooklyn Baptist church yesterday. His subject was "When Religion Hurts Business." and he took as his text Matthew 8:28-34. He made an earnest plea that principles of righteousness shall rule in business affairs and urged his hearers to put first things first, showing that this is the least that we can do for God, who has created and redeemed us.

The owners of the swine did not object, he said, to having the demons cast from the animals but they did object strenuously to having them killed because that hurt their business. Their action is typical of our times, the speaker declared, for we find various business enterprises that are willing to encourage religion and religious institutions until they conflict with their business interests and then are willing enough to discard religion.

A striking example of the length to which men will go in their eagerness to get wealth is shown, the speaker continued, in the past history of China and the opium traffic. The business men of enlightened England forced opium upon the Chinese against their will because it brought money to the English.

Taking up next the discussion of the liquor traffic the speaker showed how saloon keepers have been willing to aid the church so long as it does not interfere with their business. But when a fight is begun upon them, the cry is quickly raised that the members of churches are fools, fanatics and hypocrites. The hope was expressed that in a short time the liquor traffic would be banished from Virginia and other states and that the millions sent from this State for whiskey would then be devoted to other uses.

"It is strange how men are willing to damn the souls of their fellowmen for a few paltry dollars," Mr. Sullivan continued. "Whenever any business is threatened to be injured by reason of the enforcement of these principles of righteousness that should prevail, we hear the cry raised of personal and religious liberty. Can religion hurt business? I have not yet found a man who put Christ first in his affairs that did not prosper. Try it and see if it does not work. But if it doesn't, if you are true followers of the Lord Jesus Christ, you ought to be willing to make some sacrifice."

Mr. Sullivan discussed briefly the book, "In His Steps," written a few years ago by Rev. Chas. M. Sheldon. While some have thought that the writer was a visionary and that the principles advocated by him will not work the speaker was frank to say that he approved emphatically of the principles of making our action conform to that standard of what Jesus would do were he on earth.

God requires us to put first things first, Mr. Sullivan continued, and while the task may not be much the least we can do is to obey his commands. We should do this because it appeals to the highest that is in our natures. After a hard week's work it is necessary that we should rest and that we attend the house of God to find rest and comfort for our souls. We should put God first in the second place because it chiefly concerns our highest welfare. God should be put first in our lives and in our business because he created us and redeemed us and continually preserves us from all harm and danger.

Following the sermon which was a most practical and earnest plea for greater interest in the work of the church, the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was celebrated.

ST. JOHN'S MISSION

Splendid Work Being Done In "Brooklyn"—Deep Interest

The June number of "The Parish Leaflet", published in the interest of the parish of St. John's Protestant Episcopal church, this city, has the following interesting and pleasing reference to a mission work in the Northern part of Wilmington that will be read with much interest:

"This issue of our paper will not be complete without a reference to our mission in Brooklyn, at 1313 North Fourth street. Its work during the past winter has been done very quietly, without any sensational or high pressure methods, but with gratifying success. The background of that success is the deep interest and earnest service of all who have shared in that work, as well as the material help of those who have so generously contributed to its support. The kindergarten did splendid work under Miss Olivia Hewlett, with an enrollment of about thirty-five, and an average attendance of 20 or more. The Sunday School with Mr. Virginius Hall as superintendent, and Mr. J. Edwin Bunting as secretary and treasurer has over 50 on the roll with an average attendance of 35. The kindergarten has closed for the summer, but the Sunday School and midweek service will be kept going. The Brotherhood of St. Andrew, under whose leadership the mission was organized is planning to push the playground feature as speedily as possible. Already plans are in hand for putting seats around the trees, for putting up some swings, and possibly of adding some special playground apparatus. A set of croquet has been donated and weekly meetings are held for the pleasure and recreation of the children. So the playground is not a dim distant dream, but is a present reality, though of course it is just beginning and its activities are simple. But this beginning has in it the vision of an up-to-date fully equipped playground, for the benefit of the many children in that end of the city who would be helped and made happier by it. We do not know how it will come, but it will come. God will put in into some heart or hearts to equip it. We have a beautiful lot, abundantly large, fronting on the main thoroughfare, with a fine river view to the rear, and partly covered with a magnificient grove of live oaks. We want to see this grove of oaks encircled by a concrete walk where the children can skate without the fear of being molested and first-class play ground apparatus with shade within the circle for those who do not care to skate.

FORGIVING SPIRIT NEEDED

Rev. W. E. Cox Makes Helpful Talk on Fundamental Scriptural Truth at St. John's.

At the morning service at St. John's Episcopal church yesterday instead of preaching a sermon, Rev. W. E. Cox, the rector, made a most helpful talk on the need of a forgiving spirit and showed the importance of being merciful. The talk was preparatory to the celebration of the Holy Communion and was based on the gospel lesson for the day, which was taken from the sixth chapter of St. Luke, beginning with the 36th verse.

"I have had members of my church turn away from the Communion," said the speaker, "because they said that they were unworthy. That is not a worthy excuse, however, for Jesus asks us to come and lay our sins down at the altar. If we have the forgiving spirit, if we are merciful and are willing to forsake our sins we may be sure that God will forgive us."

We are taught over and over in the teachings of Christ, continued the speaker, that if we forgive others that we will be forgiven. And the feeling of a need of forgiveness is universal; it only differs in measure. The burden of sin rests heavily upon the people of the world but the only promise given to us by which we can get rid of this burden is the promise of God, who so loved the world that He gave his only begotten son that whosoever believeth on Him shall have everlasting life.

Continuing Mr. Cox showed that whoever turns away from the Communion table because of his feeling of unworthiness is either making a sham excuse, is not willing to turn away from sin or else has a misunderstanding of God's plan and pledge that when we come to Him in the right spirit He will take away our sins.

There is no truth taught by Christ more plainly and emphasized more strongly the speaker declared, than of the necessity of having a forgiving spirit. There is a reason for this emphasis, he stated, but it is not because God is unwilling to forgive. It is a law of human life. If a man is not in a frame of mind to forgive his fellowman he cannot receive forgiveness from God. If we should persist to hold things against our fellowman it would be impossible for us to enter heaven, even if the doors were wide open. With an unforgiving spirit we have no place in the heavenly atmosphere.

In conclusion Mr. Cox made an urgent appeal to the members of the congregation to show a forgiving spirit towards all, even though some times people may appear not to deserve it. There is no real reason, said he, why all could not go to the Communion table, if they are only willing to comply with the conditions, which have been laid down by Christ Himself.

MUST HAVE AUTO NUMBERS

Sheriff Received Instructions From Secretary of State

The law requiring new automobile license numbers went into effect on July 1st, and Sheriff Cowan made it plain that the law was going to be enforced to the letter. However, it appears there was some delay in getting out the numbers from Raleigh and Sheriff Cowan has been indulgent with owners and drivers until now. He is just in receipt of a letter from Secretary of State J. Bryan Grimes, which authorizes him to suspend arrest for failure to display numbers until today, and says that there is now no alternative and all cars must be supplied with the new tags. The following letter from Secretary of State Grimes is authority for the Sheriff's action:

Raleigh, N. C., July 3.

Mr. S. P. Cowan, Sheriff of New Hanover county, Wilmington, N. C.,

Dear Sir: Your favor of the 30th received. All automobile owners who applied for their licenses on or before July 1st should have received them by this time. We will have issued 10,000 licenses and hangers by this afternoon, and there necessarily is delay in the postoffice in getting them out, as they seem to have no provision for putting on extra help.

I would use my own judgment as to what extent to enforce the law requiring new hangers for the next day or two, as we might give them a reasonable time, say until Monday, the 5th, to have all these hangers on their cars.

It would be impossible for us right now to tell whom we have sent license because it will be several days before they can be properly indexed and arranged and we cannot give you the list for New Hanover until we have time to assemble the New Hanover index cards.

With kind regards and best wishes, I am

Sincerely,
J. BRYAN GRIMES,
Secretary of State

EXAMINATIONS THURSDAY

For Entrance to A. & M. College—Also for Teachers

Prof. Washington Catlett, county superintendent of public instruction, will conduct an examination for applicants for entrance to the A. & M. College at his office in the Court House Thursday. The papers will be sent to Raleigh to be graded and those making a passing grade will be entitled to entrance without further examination. There will likely be serversal applicant.

On the same day Prof. Catlett will also conduct an examination for white teachers, who desire license to teach in this county. On Friday he will conduct an examination for colored teachers.

These examinations are conducted in compliance with the school law.

FRYING PAN LIGHT.

Will Be Replaced by Relief Vessel About August 1.

The current number of "Notice to Mariners," issued weekly by the Coast and Geodetic Survey, gives notice that about August 1, Frying Pan Shoals light vessel will be temporarily replaced by a relief light vessel. The relieving vessel is a steamer with a tubular mast surmounted by lantern with gallery; red hull, with middle section white; stack, mast and lantern black; "Relief" in black on each side. The vessel shows one fixed white light of about 480 candlepower, 48 feet above water, visible 12 miles. The fog signal and submarine bell sound the same characteristics as those of the station vessel. The relief light vessel will be equipped with wireless.

YOUR IDLE FUNDS

May be employed while awaiting investment by the use of our Certificate of Deposit, which is payable on Demand and bears interest from date, if left with us three months or longer.

"THE HOME OF SAVINGS."

The Peoples Savings Bank

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

WILMINGTON, N. C., At the Close of Business on June 30th, 1914

ASSETS:		LIABILITIES:	
Cash on hand and in banks	$ 230,005.73	Capital	$ 100,000.00
Loans	2,073,017.75	Surplus	200,000.00
Real Estate	2,400.00	Undivided Profits	59,986.61
Building Fund	50,000.00	Building Reserve	5,000.00
Bond Account	10,431.67	Dividends Unpaid	3,124.00
Stock Account	7,268.50	Deposits	2,098,313.04
Invested Trust Funds	93,300.00		
Total	$2,466,423.65	Total	$2,466,423.65

I, J. L. Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. L. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
N. B. RANKIN,
J. V. GRAINGER, Directors.
JNO. D. BELLAMY, JR.

State of North Carolina, New Hanover County.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 3rd day of July, 1914.
C. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public.

THEATRICAL

Bijou patrons will be treated to something entirely out of the ordinary on several occasions during the incoming week, many notable offerings having been booked right direct to the Bijou Theatre out of the largest cities. The first of these big features will be on today in a mammoth two-reel Eclair dramatic feature picture, "The Mask of Affliction."

This is a brand new story played by the Eclair Feature Players, who handle only special releases. They do not stage any of the ordinary run of pictures, and when their name is seen on the film it's a guarantee that it's something entirely new, something that does not come along every day.

It is a mining story, told along new lines, leaving out the hackneyed plot used by most of such stories, and is full of good, strong action throughout. There's not a dull moment from the first to the last flash, and it contains some of the strongest dramatic climaxes ever seen in a movie.

A big Joker comedy, "A Quiet Day at Murphy's," follows this big feature, and will be found to be one of those rousing comedies that leaves everyone in a good humor. It's anything but a quiet day, as it begins at 5 A. M. and does not end till after midnight, and if chock full of biffety-bang, riproaring, rousing comedy stuff.

Tomorrow another notable feature will be "The Silent Witness," a notable release, with J. Warren Kerrigan in one of his strongest roles.

At The Grand.

Today the Grand Theatre, the people's favorite amusement palace, and the handsome playhouse noted for its delightful comfort, as well as high-class entertainment, will start off what is going to be the greatest week in its history. A superb inaugural bill is on for today, to be followed tomorrow by the most classical and "classiest" thing the Grand has yet done, in presentation of "The Three Muskateers," an elaborate, brilliant six-reel moving picture version of Dumas' great novel by that name. It is something stupendous and magnificent. In addition to the daily big bill this week, Miss Framan, who has created a sensation in Wilmington by her wonderful playing of the Wurlitzer orchestra, will make a special appearance, presenting a rare programme of overtures and rendering delightful incidental music, which adds much charm to the pictures.

A swell, in fact, the swellest of the swell, two-reel Edison heads today's big show. It is "His Sob Story," a screen tale of New York, with a chap who is down on his luck, as the principal character. Well known and popular Ben Wilson will appear as this chap, and he will be given splendid support by such folks as Edna Hamel.

"The Girl and the Gondolier," a fascinating comedy, will also be a star today, and charming Ruth Roland and dashing Bennett Moultier will appear in the cast.

Another great laughfest on today will be "A Darktown Wooing." It is a novelty in the way of mirth. Still another headliner is the Hearst-Selig Pictorial Weekly, flashing live current events.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership of PECK & HOLLOWAY, doing business in Wilmington, N. C., at No. 109 North Front street, has dissolved and that D. F. Holloway has disconnected himself with the said business which will be conducted in the future by W. M. Peck, under the same firm name and at the same place.

This the first day of July A. D., 1914.

W. M. PECK,
D. F. HOLLOWAY.

Hesitation Contest
AT
Lumina Tonight

Two Handsome Cups for Prizes

Contest Starts at 9:15 P. M.

Also Exhibition Dancing by Miss Chandler and Mr. West

Oak Ridge Institute Sixty-third Year

NEW $30,000 ALUMNI BUILDING

SIX buildings, 350 acres in campus, athletic fields, and farm. Steam heat, shower baths, gymnasium. Over 200 boarding students annually for the past thirty years. Prepares for College, for Business, for Life. Students study under teachers, at night, in study hall. Fall season opens September 16th. Terms reasonable. Write for illustrated catalogue. Address

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PEACE INSTITUTE FOR YOUNG WOMEN

AN Ideal Christian Home School. Preparatory and Collegiate courses. Art, Expression, Physical Culture, Pedagogy, Domestic Science, Business, etc. Conservatory of Music. High standard maintained by large staff of experienced, college trained instructors. Takes only 100 boarders and teaches the individual. Unsurpassed health record. Brick buildings. Steam heat. Electric lights. Excellent table. Good Gymnasium. Park-like campus. Concerts, lectures, tennis, basketball. Write for our catalog before selecting the college for your daughter.

GEORGE J. RAMSEY, M. A., LL. D., President. Raleigh, N. C.

LINCOLN LITHIA INN
(Lincoln Lithia Springs)
Now Open to Guests
Water for sale by mineral water trade.
Information on request.
LINCOLN LITHIA WATER CO.
Lincolnton, N. C.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.

Williams M'f'g Co., Props., Cleveland, O.
Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. N. P. Watson and Miss Pauline Easterling, of Rowland, were guests at the Orton yesterday.

* * *

New York correspondence: Among the passengers sailing Wednesday on board the new Cunard liner Acquitania for Liverpool were Mr. and Mrs. James Sprunt and Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Sprunt, of Wilmington, who will spend the warm months abroad.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Larsson, of Billings, Montana, are visiting Mrs. G. I. Winn, No. 216 Queen street. Mrs. Larsson is a sister of Mrs. Winn. Mr. Larsson travels for a large hardware jobbing establishment. Both he and his wife are former Wilmingtonians, and have many friends here.

* * *

The many friends of Miss Edith L. Aufrecht, who was operated on for appendicitis at the James Walker Memorial Hospital last Sunday, will be delighted to know that she has so far regained her strength that she will be able to leave the hospital today or tomorrow. Miss Aufrecht will be the guest of Mrs. Paul M. Comes, at the Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, until she is completely restored to health.

* * *

PORCH PARTY IN HONOR OF WILMINGTON GIRL

Suffolk, Va., July 4—Miss Addie Norfleet was hostess Wednesday night at a beautiful porch party given in honor of her house guest Miss Mildred Vollers, of Wilmington, N. C.

The large porches of the Norfleet home were beautifully decorated, palms, ferns growing plants and lovely flowers being used and numbers of Japanese lanterns shedding a soft glow over the scene.

Punch from a beautifully decorated punch bowl was served by Misses Allie and Virginia Norfleet and Miss Frances Sturgeon.

Five hundred was played and the prizes, an ivory fan and silk socks, were won by Miss Ethel Jones and Henry Norfleet.

Dainty refreshments were served after the games by the hostess.

* * *

SURPRISE WEDDING AT WILSON SATURDAY.

Wilson, N. C., July 5.—Wilson people were surprised yesterday with the announcement of the marriage of Miss Gladys Sanders and Mr. Walter T. Africa. The vows were exchanged in the presence of Rev. M. Bradshaw, of the Methodist church at 5 A. M. Saturday and the bride and groom left Wilson for Wrightsville Beach on the Atlantic Coast Line train at 5:40. After two weeks at the seashore Mr. and Mrs. Africa will visit the parents of Mr. Africa in Pennsylvania and then return to Wilson for their home. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Sanders and a young woman of splendid character and a large circle of friends. The groom came to Wilson something over a year ago and is with the Colonial Pine Company. During the passing year Mr. Africa has attracted many friends because of his sterling qualities. The marriage was expected but the date had not been announced and was presumed to be later in July—but the young people decided to get along without the strenuous days of a set date.

* * *

EDENS-WARD MARRIAGE AT ROWLAND TUESDAY.

Rowland, N. C., July 3.—Miss Edith Catherine Ward Tuesday became the bride of Mr. Bernard Ashby Edens, a prominent business man of Rowland, in the Centenary Methodist church. Ushers were Messrs. Ernest B. Ward, John H. McArn, Charles Sinclair and Douglas Edens, of Rowland; bridesmaids, Misses Irma Edens, of Clio, sister of the groom; Sarah Graham, of Rowland; Rachel Annie Oliver, of Marietta, and Daisy B. Ward, sister of the bride; groomsmen, Messrs. James A. McCoy, of Rowland; V. Lane, of Dillon; R. M. Edens, of Clio, and O. P. Chitty, of Rowland. The maid of honor was Miss Mabel Ward, sister of the bride. The best man, Mr. A. D. McKenzie, of Rowland.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. A. Lee, the beautiful ring service being used.

Mr. and Mrs. Edens left on No. 82 to join the Gattis tour through Northern United States and Canada.

Mrs. Edens is the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Ward, is a graduate of the Woman's College at Greensboro, and is an accomplished young woman.

Mr. Edens is originally from Clio, S. C., and is the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Edens. He is one of the most popular business men of Rowland, being president of the Rowland Hardware & Supply Co., and the assistant cashier of the Bank of Rowland.

Wrightsville Beach

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Denkins, of Goldsboro, were guests at the Seashore Hotel yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Whaley, Mrs. L. E. Whaley and Eva and Ralph Whaley, all of Lumberton, were members of a party at the Seashore Hotel yesterday.

Mrs. J. W. Long, Miss Frances Long, Miss Jennie Vanstory, Miss Madeline Moore and Miss Virginia Gardner, of Greensboro, arrived yesterday to spend a few days at the Seashore Hotel.

Services were conducted in the chapel at the beach last night by Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's Episcopal church. There was a good attendance. These services are held every Sunday night, Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, and Mr. Cox alternating in couducting them.

Included in the arrivals at the Hanover Inn yesterday were Miss May T. Allen, Newbern; Mr. and Mrs. B. R. Huske, Fayetteville; E. L. Smith, Laurinburg; J. M. Anderson, Charlotte; E. A. Hawes, Atkinson; Miss Alice Futrelle, Goldsboro; J. Marvin Gillespie, Asheville; J. L. Hirsh, Louisville, Ky.; L. F. Tillery, Rocky Mount.

Tonight at Lumina the feature of the evening will be the hesitation contest, and it is expected to prove an even more entertaining attraction than the one-step contest last Monday night. Mr. Don Richardson will be in charge of the contest, which will begin at 9:15. Two handsome cups, now on display in Schuster's window, will be awarded the winnners.

Yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer: "W. J. Martin, press corrspondent, left yesterday afternoon for Wilmington and Wrightsville, where he will spend Sunday with Mrs. Martin and their daughter. Mr. Martin's furloughs from the newspaper work are very brief, and this is one of the very few times that he has had a day off recently."

Among the week-end guests at the Seashore Hotel were J. S. Gardner, Augusta, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Herring, Mt. Olive; Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Grady, Goldsboro; Mr. and Mrs. John S. Blake, Charlotte; W. L. Hill, Jr., Winston-Salem; William Grimes, Raleigh; B. E. Bryant, Wallace; W. A. McPhaill, Lumberton; R. E. Litttle, Jr., Wadesboro; C. Gibbs, Chattanooga, Tenn.; G. K. Williams and R. L. Mock, Atlanta.

Yesterday's Charlotte News: "A delightful party leaving Tuesday for Wrightsville consists of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Keesler, Misses Saran and Mary Keesler and Mr. Edward Keesler, Mrs. Latta Johnston, Miss Mary and Mr. Rufus Johnston; Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Craig, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Oates and daughter, Miss Vera Webb Oates and Miss Marjory Bethel; Capt. R. E. Cochrane, Mr. J. H. Wearn, Mr. John Pharr and General A. L. Smith, Mrs. Smith, Mr. Burton Smith and Miss Sallie Young. The gentlemen of the party go to attend the B. & L. meeting and the ladies to have a good time.

A strong northeast wind yesterday afternoon made the surf rather rough and there were not a large number who ventured out. The breeze at the beach was delightful for those who have been suffering with the intense heat of the last several weeks and there was no tendency to kick.

The usual Sunday concerts at Lumina yesterday afternoon and last evening were attended by very large crowds, the audience last evening being one of the largest of the season. The afternoon concert made up of request numbers from popular modern hits, was much enjoyed, and Mr. Richardson and his musicians were frequently enchored.

Among the most notable numbers on the evening programme were Rossini's "Overture to William Tell," "Les Contes d'Hoffman," a selection by Offenbach, and Jungman's "Longing for Home." "Songs My Mother Used to Sing," a folk-lore medley by H. W. Smith, also proved popular.

Included in the arrivals at the Oceanic Hotel yesterday were J. L. Bridger, Bladenboro; W. T. Sanderlin, Red Springs; Chas. J. Lowry, Fort Caswell; E. Rowland and R. M. McKay, Sumter, S. C.; E. L. Smith, Laurinburg; J. G. Gardner, Augusta, Ga.; J. Wallace Cowan, Charlotte; J. A. Winslow, Hamlet; Mrs. L. B. Holland, Atlanta; W. R. Maffitt, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Sandrock, Fayetteville; Miss Marguerite Scott, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss Mildred Finlayson, Charlotte; John O. Day, St. Louis, Mo.; Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Bridger, Bladenboro; Mrs. E. M. Summerville, Jacksonville; C. H. Thomas, Sumter, S. C.; R. B. Davis, Jr., Rocky Mount; C. McD. Davis, Savannah, Ga.; W. B. Little, Rocky Mount; B. M. Hardley, Scott's Hill.

Yesterday Charlotte Observer: "Mrs Edward L. Keesler and daughters, little Misses Sarah and Mary Keesler, and Mrs. Latta C. Johnston, and daughter, Miss Mary Johnston, and Messrs. Edward Y. Keesler and Rufus M. Johnston will leave Tuesday for Wrightsville Beach to spend two weeks or longer. Mr. and Mrs. John B. Oates and little daughter, Miss Vera Webb Oates, accompanied by Mr. Oates' niece, Miss Marjorie Bethel, of Norfolk, Va., will leave Tuesday for Wrightsville Beach to spend two weeks. Dr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Wright and sons, Thomas H. Jr., and Lenoir Wright, and Miss Annie Wilson are spending several weeks at the Seashore Hotel at Wrightsville Beach. Col. and Mrs. A. L. Smith and Miss Sallie Young will leave tomorrow for Wrightsville Beach."

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. W. P. Jacobs, of Raleigh, was a guest at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. J. S. Sternberger, of Sumter, S. C., was a Sunday visitor in Wilmington, a guest at the Orton.

—Messrs. J. G. and B. R. Long, of Chadbourn, were among the Sunday visitors in the city yesterday.

—Mr. R. C. Williams, cashier of the branch bank of Hamlet, was a visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Orton.

—Mr. H. G. Crosser, the clever and efficient young agricultural agent of the Seaboard Air Line, who has his headquarters at Hamlet, was a guest at the Orton yesterday.

—Mr. A. D. James, a prominent business man of Laurinburg, and little son, Marshall, were in the city yesterday, returning home from a short stay at Wrightsville Beach. Mr. James says crops are generally good in Scotland county.

Grand Finale Tuesday.

The photo-drama of Creation will continue part 4 tonight at the Academy of Music. This will be the last time that this will be given, and those who wish to see it should go tonight. Tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock Pastor R. L. Smith, of Milwaukee, Mich., will deliver an address on Pastor Russell's teachings. Tomorrow night Mr. Smith will lecture on Christ's second coming. These lectures will be accompanied by motion pictures. All are welcome. Seats are free and there will be no collection.

PAIN SUFFERERS USE

A-K Tablets.

(advertisement.)

Read Star Business Locals.

Pretty Duchess Is Visiting in America

DUCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH

Newport, R. I., July 5.—The Duchess of Marlborough, former Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, arrived here to spend six weeks with her mother, Mrs. Oliver Belmont, at Marble House. There are many affairs to be given in honor of the duchess in the cottage settlement. The duchess comes to America to visit, according to her own statement, and not to urge the cause of woman suffrage. She declared herself unequivocally opposed to the methods of the English militants.

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Trade Mark Registered U. S. Pat. Off.

Window Shades

It is the difference in materials that makes Brenlin wear so much better

SEE WINDOW

A. Brown

The Wooltex Store

REBELS PREPARE CAMPAIGN PLANS

(Continued from Page One.)

cently and that there were 15,000 more recruits anxious to join if arms could be provided.

Error Is Corrected.

An error made by American newspapers in referring to Alfredo Breceda now in Washington as private secretary of General Carranza, was pointed out by arrivals from Saltillo. Breceda, it was explained, was secretary to General Carranza when Carranza was governor of Coahuila, and is still attached to Carranza's staff, but the position of private secretary to the first chief is held now by Gustavo Espinosa Moreles. Differences between General Francisco Villa and General Carranza which are being arbitrated by a committee at Torreon really were the outgrowth of a misunderstanding, according to the messengers from Saltillo. It is said the trouble arose, at least, in part, over the efforts of General Natera to capture Zacatecas.

It is said General Natera either was misinformed regarding the number of Federals in the town or concealed the facts, giving General Carranza the impression that the garrison numbered not more than 5,000 men.

After Natera had lost more than 2,500 men in his assaults he asked for reinforcements and it is said, General Carranza then sent an order to General Villa based on the information regarding the Federals' strength given him by Natera.

Villa, having advices that this information was incorrect and that the Federals numbered nearly 14,000, took exception to the order. It is believed that when the various facts are discussed frankly at the conference a conclusion satisfactory to both sides will be reached.

The fleet of six military aeroplanes gathered by the Constitutionalists at Saltillo will be moved to San Luis Potosi, according to word reaching here, to be used in the attack on that city. They will be under active direction of an American aviator.

George C. Carothers, representative of the State Department, is reported to have gone from Saltillo to Torreon with the commissioners who went there to treat with General Villa's representatives. L. J. Canova, another representative of the State Department, remained in Saltillo, however, to keep in touch with General Carranza.

AWAIT RESULTS OF MEXICAN ELECTION

(Continued From Page One)

in Washington for a week, announced tonight that he would go to New York tomorrow. Their departure revived reports that the proposed conference between the Mexican factions might be held soon and that it would occur in New York.

Concerning the difference between General Carranza and General Villa now being considered in a conference at Torreon, unofficial reports reached Washington tonight that satisfactory adjustments were about to be made.

Huerta the Favorite

Mexico City, July 5.—Elections for President, Vice President, Deputies and Senators were held today in parts of the Republic controled by Huerta. In Mexico City there was almost no voting and indifference was manifested everywhere.

General Huerta appeared favored for the presidency and General Blanquet, the war minister for the vice presidency.

President Huerta, it is reported, received a virtually unanimous vote of confidence. Returns indicate re-election of present members of the chambers of deputies and Senate. The lightest vote in many years was cast both in the capital and nearby towns.

REPUBLICANS TO LIVEN UP THINGS

(Continued from Page One.)

December session, is the measure to re-organize the Porto Rican government so as to make both Houses of the legislature there elective by the people.

The Adamson bill for developing navigation and the water power resources in the navigable streams will be before the House again probably Thursday. Differences between conservationists over this measure and the Ferris public domain dam bill have been smoothed out by conferences at the White House.

THE NORTH CAROLINA

College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts

This State Industrial College offers strong courses in Agriculture, Horticulture, Stock raising, Dairying, Poultry, Veterinary Medicine; in Civil, Electrical, and Mechanical Engineering; in Chemistry and Dyeing; in Cotton Manufacturing, and in Agricultural teaching. Four-year courses. Two and one-year courses in Agriculture and in Machine Shop Work. Faculty of 61 men; 738 students; 25 buildings; excellent equipment and laboratories for each department. On July 9, County Superintendents conduct entrance examinations at each county seat. For catalogue write

C. B. OWEN, Registrar.
West Raleigh, N. C.

GRAND

TODAY

The Latest Edition of the

"HEARST-SELIG WEEKLY"

Looks everywhere on earth where the view's worth having.

EDISON'S GREAT TWO-PART FILM

"His Sob Story"

It is a story of John, who, down on his luck, goes to New York, to make his fortune, with Ben Wilson, Harry Beaumont and Edna Hamel

"The Girl and the Gondolier"

A story of Worth and Romance and some of the most popular artists of the "movies" will appear, including Bennett Moulter, Victor Rottman, Ruth Roland and John E. Brennan

Miss Framan who is making a big hit on the Wurlitzer orchestra, will play appropriate and popular music, don't fail to hear her

ADMISSION ONLY 5 CENTS.

Tuesday, July 7
"THE THREE MUSKEETERS"
6—REELS—6

"The Mask of Affliction"

Mammoth Two-reel Eclair Feature Drama—A Special Release

"A Quiet Day at Murphy's"

But it proved to be the Noisiest day they ever experienced. See it and judge for yourself—a Rousing Joker Comedy

BIJOU

FIVE CENTS

We have an endless variety of gifts which are sure to please

"The Bride"

All we do is to ask you to investigate.

Geo. W. Huggins

JEWELER

Creates Strength

Woman Tells About Vinol

Fort Edward, N. Y.—"I was weak, run-down, nervous and dizzy. I tried cod liver oil emulsions and other remedies without benefit. A friend told me about Vinol and after taking two bottles I am strong and well so I can do my own housework once more."—Mrs. ELMER GLIDDEN, Fort Edward, N. Y.

If Vinol fails to create strength and energy for the run-down, weak and debilitated, we return your money.

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist.

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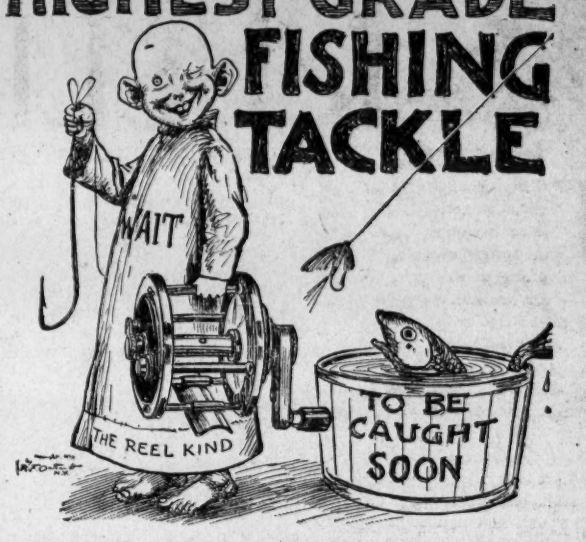

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Make Famous Players

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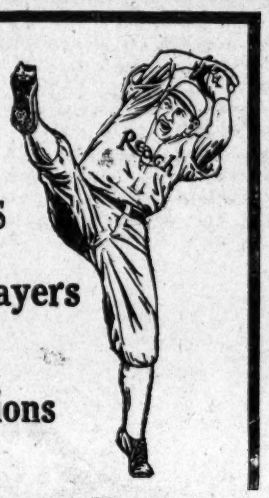

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I. W. Murchison & Co.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF

HOME SAVINGS BANK

at Close of Business June 30, 1914.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$209,774.83	Capital	$ 50,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1,806.54	Undivided Profits	4,540.83
Real Estate	12,060.00	Deposits	180,204.64
Cash on hand and due from Banks	11,987.77	Cashier's checks outstanding	883.67
Total	$235,629.14	Total	$235,629.14

J. W. YATES, President. J. F. ROACHE, Cashier.
J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President.

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Plate Ice is a synonym of Purity and Wholesomeness. For domestic purposes it has no equal, and being frozen hard and solid throughout, it possesses distinctive lasting qualities. If you are not already acquainted with it, call the Green Wagons, or 'phone 695 or 696, and let us demonstrate our delivery service and the highest known quality of Ice.

Special attention given to orders on the Beaches.

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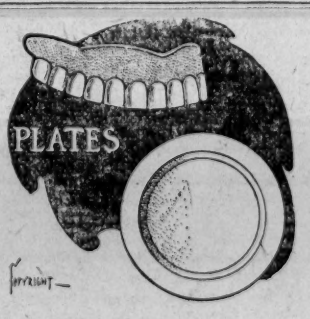

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PICKARD BLEECKER AUTO CO.

Phone 741 — 5—11 N. Third St.

MRS. STANLEY McCORMICK IN LONDON TO HELP ARRANGE FOR WORLD-WIDE MEETING

Mrs. Stanley McCormick, of Boston is first corresponding secretary of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance. She left recently on the Aquitania for London to attend a meeting of the officers of the alliance July 8-11. Plans will be made for the international suffrage congress in Berlin next summer. Mrs. McCormick is also treasurer of the National American Woman Suffrage Association.

RULERS of COMMERCE

By Campbell Mac Culloch

Irving T. Bush.

TO the individual with no imagination whatever there is something peculiarly iniquitous in the makeup of the man who can evolve an idea out of the thin air, and with that as a core proceed to the erection of a structure of men, money and merchandise that performs a vast economic human service, particularly if in performing that service the structure earns dividends in modest amount. To the unimaginative person it seldom occurs that the progress of the world and the prosperity of the nation are dependent wholly upon the right ideas making for humanity's betterment that are born herein.

Ambitious to Improve Public Service.

Something like eighteen years ago a young man with an ambition to improve conditions in a real constructive manner evolved an idea that had to do with public service. He knew something about the original cost of products, and he was cognizant of their ultimate cost to the consumer. He was aware that the difference—sometimes two or three hundred per cent—was largely made up of handling charges. Having some acres of South Brooklyn sand lots that realty experts insisted would be likely to be valuable about 2010 if nothing happened, he proceeded to clothe his service idea with practicality. The young man was Irving T. Bush, and to-day the sand lots

re occupied by the greatest freight terminal in the world, an enterprise representing twenty millions in docks, warehouses, factories and railroad tracks, an idea that has measureably reduced costs nd bettered human conditions.

f a Mixed Character.

Irving T. Bush is a dreamer, an idealst and an enthusiast. He is also quite anifestly something that has always een regarded as the very antipode of hese; he is a demonstrably capable and uccessful business man. He expresses is idealism in almost everything he ays and does, and he possesses the capacity for imbuing those with whom he comes in contact with it, too. He doesn't talk much about Irving T. Bush, but he does talk a good deal about ideas, men, social service, higher and better business methods, justice and right. Talk to him and you learn that he believes in the United States and the people that inhabit them; you will perceive that he is no alarmist; that he does not believe the country is going to the demnition commercial bow-wows; but that, on the contrary, he has a fairly well fixed and completely developed belief that the country is about to find itself in the midst of a golden shower from Mme. Prosperity's cornucopia almost before the said country is well aware of what is happening. Talk? Hardly. He's figuring on more great warehouse and factory establishments for those two hundred acres of sand lots.

Irving T. Bush was born in Michigan, but at the age of three months he moved to New York, casually taking his parents with him. It is quite evident that Mlles. Clotho, Lachesis and Atropos, the fateful ladies who run the card index system of the affairs of humanity, were already determined to do something with those sand lots. Some time ago—during [illegible] later twenties—Mr. [illegible]sh inherited [illegible] and lots and some money. He ob[illegible] that manufacturing and trans[illegible] were twins, and that there [illegible] degrees of transportation, [illegible] some costly. He noted [illegible]ough city streets was pr[illegible]tly of all and that New York had a penchant for this form of extravagance.

"The thing is to bring the factory, the railroad and the steamship into immediate juxtaposition," he remarked to himself, and thereupon proceeded to do it. As a result of that enterprise there is a collection of docks, warehouses, factories, wharves, tugboats, car floats, railroad tracks, human beings and merchandise on the sand lots. Ships come there from all the earth, bringing their cargoes, and you can find Chinese coolies, Hindoos, Swedes, Lascars, Germans, Britons, Yankees, blacks, Arabs, Frenchmen and all the rest of the phases of the human race roaming up and down the open spaces. And from all America come the freight cars to get the treasures. In the factories, into which the ships poke their noses and the cars themselves, are made bonnets, envelopes, corsets, chewing gum, pianos and—oh, well, everything that men and women eat, wear and use.

The Real Man.

That is the result, the concrete expression, if you like, of the idea that Irving T. Bush dreamed. Back of the idea is the ideal, and in the exposure of this ideal you come upon the real Irving T. Bush. It took me two hours to uncover this keynote of the Bush character, and he may not care particularly for the result, but, then, being in the business of serving public ends entails some public consequences. Therefore, Irving T. Bush's particular ideal, whether he likes it or not, the thing upon which I believe his character is based, is—public service. Prove it? Easily.

"That business which is not based upon mutual service and advantage for the welfare of the people is not founded upon the rock," he said, as we stood upon the top of one of the great warehouses and looked at the scene below. "I believe that factor to be the vital one of commercial relationships. You may call it mutual advantage if you wish, but an equal return is needful for the proper maintenance of business relations. If the thing gets out of balance it gets out of right, and when it gets out of right it is time for it to get out of business altogether or change its methods. We have not seen the economic value of that until recently, but we are waking up and beginning to see things in their real light. Men have said that they could not stay in business and live up to a high ethical standard, and I suppose they were right then, but things have changed, and we are understanding that men cannot stay in business and neglect the high standard. Great enterprises have been distrusted by the public because of grave personal abuses on the part of the men who ran them. Men have taken advantage of conditions for personal aggrandisement, and as a result the communities have changed the conditions. A corporation is more or less a public servant. It is entitled to a just reward, but not to the proceeds of bribery, corruption, dishonesty and criminal procedure. The business that cannot operate on the basis of justice has no right to existence; the enterprise that requires special privilege to enable it to pay dividends had better liquidate itself withoue delay before the will of the people pulls it down."

Something of a Socialist.

You don't have to talk to Irving Bush long to discover that there is a strong strain of socialism in him. I spell it without a capital in order to generalize the word. He is strong on the social rights of the individual to work out his own destiny. He believes in a square deal for every man, woman and child, millionnaire or tramp, and thus, entirely apart from any political inclination he may possess, of which I know nothing, he is a democrat—again no capital—because he is vitally interested in demos—the people, and krateo—their rule. You can get his attention at any time by telling him of humanity and you can hold it if it is worth while.

The man keeps in personal touch with his business and the men who operate it. He doesn't run around his two hundred acres of ground space in a motor car, for he knows there is no surer method of missing essentials. The official who travels over a railroad system in a private car misses all but the high spots, and these are usually polished for his inspection. In the public mind the railroad president and the private car are indissoluble, so this is probably heresy, but it will have to go. Irving Bush walks, and he makes his visitors walk. Consequently he misses very little detail—even a leaking steampipe beneath a concrete freight platform. And, as mentioned a little bit ahead, he is essentially a human person. You can find that out from his men. I did, and it set me thinking.

How Enterprises Prosper.

"A commercial enterprise draws its nutriment from the community in which it exists," he says, this time skirting the yard which holds two thousand freight cars. "It exists upon the sufrance of the community. The community is made up of individuals. Grind the majority of those individuals unjustly and you spell trouble. If the individuol is in your employ hurt him and you lose the big personal factor of his relationship with you—his sympathy. You can't analyze that in cash. It is an invisible force, like gravitation, but always at work. The second guarantee in our constitution is equality, and so we must use each other justly. If I rob a man of his just rights how can I tell when the pendulum will swing back and he will rob me of mine—with a gun, maybe?"

There's a department based on the best of welfare practice. Bush went to Germany, saw compensatory measures legally in operation there, procured books, studied them, came back and called up a committee of employes, explained these features, furnished more books and asked the men to read, learn and inwardly digest the situation with a view to co-operation. Three months later the Bush Terminal and its employes were operating on a half-and-half basis for workmen's compensations. Months later the essential features of this arrangement were enacted into law by New York State.

Believes in Public Ownership.

"I believe in the ownership of public utilities by the State," says Mr. Bush. "There are certain service functions that are natural monopolies, and some day we will learn how to operate these as communal or national enterprises with the maximum of efficiency. Perhaps there are certain exemptions—this terminal is not necessarily one of them—and these will ultimately be worked out on the basis of economic operation. After all, corporations are engaged in performing public duties, and this work has been done well or ill according to surrounding conditions. There was a time when the public was merely an inert, spineless mass that could be freely and wholeheartedly damned without a comeback. Commercial czardom was possible because of the lack of communal vertebrae, but the situation has changed. Business methods have been faced about and, while there has been some croaking, we are headed in the other direction. We are willing that Bill Jones should have the equivalent of what he can honestly earn, whether Bill happens to be a sewer digger or a capitalist. Sumptuary legislation is becoming, and will more largely become, unnecessary, for it is being slowly realized that honesty is an asset. When you can show a man that he loses when he grabs it is a vital point."

There are persons who will gravely assure you there is no such thing as a spiritual law, and that the Golden Rule has no power apart from the individual or collective belief in it, but be that as it may, American business is full many a league in advance of where the acid and the knife found it some years ago, and the aforesaid rule seems to have proved a workable hypothesis after all. I asked Mr. Bush what he thought of the public regulation of business.

For Public Regulation.

"I am for it," he replied emphatically. "If I, or any other man, objects to wise public regulation of our affairs we have something to conceal, and, if we have, it is palpably a dishonest something. The basis of opposition to public regulation is fear, and that brand of fear is only found behind dishonest doors. The old proverb maker hit a fundamental truth when he said that honesty is the best policy, for it produces results. We need more of these results, for they make for prosperity."

Back of the docks, back of the warehouses, back of the factory buildings, back of the tracks, lie the homes of the workers, ten thousand of them, and in those homes live forty thousand of the families—fifty thousand souls in all, a very fair sized city.

"Who owns those houses? Do you?" I asked.

"Not a stick nor stone of one," Irving Bush replied. "I regard the company house and the company store as an improper relation between employer and employed. I know there is a disagreement with that view, but I maintain my own opinion. We maintain our welfare department, and it costs a good deal of money, but it is money well invested. The work stops there. We embody a loan department, but it is not a question of interest. We don't ask our people to employ company physicians. They are individuals and have the right of choice. I believe human justice rests on that basis. And we try to run our business justly. More than that I think no one can ask. If we can be shown an abuse, an injustice, we want to correct it. We want to do no man a wrong, we want to extract no penny that is not rightfully ours as a reward for public service fittingly rendered."

He Is Keenly Sympathetic.

No man can talk long to Irving Bush without feeling the keen sympathy for human kind that sticks out at every angle of him. He is interested in men, in their lives, their problems, welfare, happiness, thought and deeds. He likes human beings because they are human beings. He could never by any process be brought to regard them in the strictly impersonal sense as mechanical factors in the commercial machinery, to be driven, like machines, and when broken or worn out to be scrapped. If you suggest such a view on the basis of strict economics, you shock this man. You hurt him. He's a natural "cousin" to the human family.

The man is, too, a natural worker, and he finds joy in his work. He has the deep set eyes of the introspective man, of the thinker. It would be impossible for him to speak loosely on any subject. He is a person with a desire for exact knowledge. He thinks, he dreams dreams that come true, and—he raises roses as an amusement. When I talked with him he was trying to decide whether he would go to Europe on a vacation or stay at home and raise flowers for the same purpose. Somehow, when I think back over my impression of Irving T. Bush, I'm reminded of Kipling's tramp who saw so many wonderful things as he passed along the world's highways.

Not a Conventional Man.

Irving Bush went around the world on a sailing craft some years ago. He despises a rut, and so when he goes abroad you are just as likely to find him up some European backwater or in the corner of an African city as anywhere. He is for the route that lies off the beaten track. That is one of the reasons for his views of men and things. And then he is essentially a person of action, but he misses little as he acts. I don't doubt that he has made errors of judgment. Being composed of flesh and blood, it is to be expected, but he has been in action even then. And men trust him, the reason for which being, I think, that they recognize the innate human qualities of the man; they see that he wants to do big things in a bigger and better way for the sake of doing them. And then he has imagination.

A twenty million dollar imagination based on belief in humanity!

Men follow things like that.

The Line Wavers.

hould this prove a great at'
his shall be MY satisfact'
hat to me belongs the p.
s the author of this measu.
HAT shall be my satisfacti.
hould this prove a strong att.
hould there be a sharp reaction.
HIS shall be my satisfaction;—
! the stuff don't seem to skid right
hat the "verse" is all I DID write—
HAT shall be my satisfaction,
hould there be a sharp reaction.

Sometimes It's Oppresive.

Strive as you may to be sweet and romantic,
Frowningly erudite, crudely pedantic.
Balance the rational 'gainst the empirical—
I only strive to be liquidly lyrical.
Yet, though I toil with my quip and my quiddity,
I only get credit for lyric liquidity.

FORWARD MOVEMENT BY FARMERS' UNION

To Hold Three Big Rally Days in Every Community

In Behalf of Public Improvements, Better Schools and Better Methods of Farming and Marketing—Neighborhood Surveys.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 4.—At the meeting of the North Carolina State Council of the Farmers' Union State Council of the Farmers' Union in Raleigh, July 1 and 2, the matter of setting apart a number of days this summer and fall to be known as Rally Days was discussed at length. It was the opinion of the entire Council that such action should be taken, and a committee was appointed to formulate a program and arrange for the proper observance of these special days. This committee met Thursday evening and decided to recommend the observance of three days by all the farmers and local unions of the State in the following order:

1—Community Improvement Day.

The suggested work to be done by the community is as follows:

(1) Improvement of roads—community, church and school.

(2) Improvement of school grounds, school houses and the establishment of school gardens.

(3) Improvement of churches, church grounds, and cemeteries.

It is suggested by the committee that the people of the various communities of the State meet as early as is convenient on the morning of that day at the district school building, or at the church or at some convenient place in the community, and devise ways and means of carrying out the suggestions of the committee.

It would be well while the men and boys are at work in improving the roads, school yards, church yards, etc., sowing grass seeds on school and church grounds to have the women and girls at work on the improvement of the school and church grounds in transplanting trees and shrubbery, hanging suitable pictures on the walls of the school rooms, and arranging things in order for the work of the ensuing term. It is further suggested that shade trees be planted at needed places along the public highway and that any nearby spring be put in proper shape.

II.—School Day.

It is suggested by the committee that the opening day of school be set apart by the community and observed as "School Day." The meeting should be opened with some kind of devotional exercise. The resident or local minister should, if possible, be secured for this purpose. It would be well, too, to have the school and the audience join in singing one of our State airs. Then an hour or two should be devoted to the discussion of pertinent topics affecting the community life and the work of the schools. The following are suggested:

(1) In what way or ways can I help to improve my school?

(2) Co-operation between patrons and teachers—how to secure it.

(3) Teaching agriculture and domestic science in the public schools. The duty of teachers.

(4) Farm Life Schools—How they may be established.

(5) Local Taxation and Rural Libraries. Their worth to the community.

(6) Sanitation in the schools. Medical Inspection of school children. How may we help?

(7) In what way or ways can we help the teacher to secure better attendance in our public schools?

(8) School Fairs. County Commencements. Their worth to the community.

In these discussions it is expected that the school committeemen, the teacher and the citizens of the community engage.

III.—Farmers' Union Day.

It is suggested that the people of the various communities of the State gather at the district school house, the church or at some convenient meeting place and parade. After this, let them engage in the discussion of such topics as may either directly or indirectly affect the work of the organization. The following topis are suggested:

(1) What can we do to improve our local union?

(2) How can we better promote co-operative marketing?

(3) The need of a system of rural credits.

(4) Co-operative ownership of farm machinery, live stock, and telephones.

(5) Importance of seed selection.

(6) Segregation of the races. Why necessary.

(7) Concentration of business interests of the union.

(8) Community Surveys. For the convenience of the community and the local union, the State organization has prepared and will send out to the various locals the necessary blanks for the successful prosecution of the work.

The social ftatures on all of these occasions must not be overlooked. It is urged that the ladies of the community prepare baskets and that dinner be served on the grounds.

Thirty Prizes to be Awarded.

In order to stimulate the various locals and communities of the State in the observance of these special occasions the State Union made an appropriation to the work of one hundred dollars to be used as follows:

To each of the Congressional districts of the State three cash prizes are to be given. To any boy or girl in each district of school age, who sends in the best description of any one or all of these occasions shall be awarded a prize of five dollars; for the second best description a prize of three dollars; for the third best a prize of two dollars. These articles are to be written with pen and ink or to be typewritten, on one side of the paper only, and must contain not less than 250 nor more than 500 words. These letters are to contain actual facts only and must be sent to Mr. E. C. Faires, Secretary, Aberdeen, N. C., not later than November 15, 1914. The names of the prize-winners will be published from time to time. The union reserves the right to publish any or all of the papers submitted.

Read Star Business Locals.

OCRACOKE BREAKS INTO THE LIMELIGHT ON 4TH.

Little Banks Village Celebrates Independence Day First Time.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., July 5.—Ocracoke broke into limelight yesterday. The little banks town held its first celebration of Independence Day. There were no fireworks, nor was there a brass band to play patriotic airs. Ocracoke celebrated the occasion distinctly after Ocracoke's own fashion.

The population at Ocracoke has a right to celebrate the Fourth, for it excels nearly every other place of like population in the country in historic interest. A couple of the real big stunts in American history were pulled off there, for the first white men who stepped foot on the North American continent mounted to its sand dunes and gazed out over Pamlico sound, and William Teach, the notorious Blackbeard, was beheaded within gunshot of Ocracoke light by Maynard, a gallant English naval officer. The population is practically of the same breed as the first settlers, for few settlers ever squatted upon Ocracoke beach, with its tiny loam patch, village, lighthouse and dilapidated wind mill. And the unmixed inhabitants are the finest set of men in North Carolina, with mates in keeping. Nearly every adult male has been to sea.

The most important event of the day was a motor boat race. The winners are unknown, for there is no telegraphic communication and it will be many hours before a slow sailer crosses the sound with the list of prize winners, and by that time the victories will have no news value. The entries, though, were mostly fishing craft—of all sizes, horsepower of engines, and with but one handicap. The craft under 30 feet long were given an advantage over those longer than 30 feet.

The next number on the program was the penning of ponies. The little banker horses are herded up once in a while to brand the colts. Today the newcomers in the wild equine tribe were branded, and vaqueros of the beach—sailormen in white dungarees and little tarpaulin hats—gave an exhibition of the round up that would have surprised many a cowboy of the plains. Of course, it is risky, and only recently a small boy who pulled a pony's tail, discovered it, but usually luck attends the herders, and it is safe to say that nothing untoward marked today's events. An auction sale followed the penning.

Ocracoke has a high school, and a good one, and there are no delinquent children among the school population. So, appropriately enough, the program was ended with an "educational rally."

JURY DISAGREES.

In Case of M. Gifford, Jr., Charged With Murder—Released.

Albany, N. Y., July 5.—The jury that heard the case of Malcolm Gifford, Jr., son of a wealthy Hudson manufacturer, charged with having murdered Frank J. Clute, a chauffeur had failed to reach a verdict late last night and was discharged by Coroner Addington. The jury was out four hours.

A juror asserted the final vote was seven for conviction of murder in the second degree and five for acquittal. Whether Gifford will be tried again or whether his attorneys will make application for bail is in doubt.

"It seems likely he will be placed on trial again," district Attorney Alexander said.

"I have not the slightest idea whether we shall apply for Gifford's release on bail," William Travers Jerome, his chief counsel said. "He is bailable under the charge whenever the judge thinks it proper to release him."

MAY LEAD TO SPLIT IN AUSTRIA'S COURT

Vienna, July 4. —A movement has been started by certain supporters of the late Archduke Francis Ferdinand, who was assassinated with his wife, to urge the claims of little Prince Maximillian, the archduke's son, as heir to the throne. When the archduke contracted his morganatic marriage he renounced the claim to the throne of any issue. With his death Archduke Charles Francis Joseph becomes the heir apparent.

ASK YOUR NEIGHBOR

So many thousands of women have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that there is hardly a neighborhood in any city, town or hamlet in this country wherein some woman has not found health in this good, old-fashioned root and herb remedy. If you are suffering from some womanly ill, why don't you try it?

(Advertisement.)

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's.

The only Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. Drives out Malaria, enriches Blood. Builds up the Whole System. 50c.

(advertisement.)

CAROLINA HARDWARE DEALERS

Association Meets This Week in Raleigh—Wake Legalized Primary Early in August.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 4.—The North and South Carolina Association of Hardware Dealers will be in session here Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of the coming week, and bring scores of prominent hardware dealers here from every part of the two Carolinas, and from many other parts of the country as well, especially the representatives of northern and western jobbing houses and manufacturers. Tuesday will be a sort of reception day. There will be a reception that evening at the Yarborough Hotel, and that afternoon all the visitors will be presented with tickets to the league baseball game, with Raleigh and Asheville playing. The programme has been published.

Early in August, Wake county will hold full fledged legalized primaries for the nomination of all county officers this applying to both counties, but being of no special consequence to any except the Democrats, the Democratic nominations being equivalent to election. And in the meantime the "political pot" is simmering mightily, with political heat disturbances that bespeak some really scathing boiling as the period of real campaign climax approaches.

Politicians are settling a number of correlated matters at the same time. For instance, the matter of the Raleigh post office and the successor to Willis G. Briggs, the Republican incumbent, is the subject of sharp strategic plannings and manipulations as settling who shall stand for the place, and who shall be in the contest for the county office nominations in the primaries.

G. H. Anderson, for two terms register of deeds, is not to be up for renomination, but it is very likely that he will be a formidable candidate for appointment as post master early in 1915, when the office will be available for Democratic patronage. There are indications, too, that Bart Gatling, a well-known lawyer, will be in the contest for the post office, and Editor E. E. Britton, of the News and Observer, has been known to be an aspirant for the post mastership for some months. There will be others.

Arch J. Wood, now deputy register of deeds, is seeking the place of chief in the office through the primaries. W. H. Sawyer is a sharp competitor. Millard Mial, clerk of the court, is seeking a renomination and has formidable opposition in Major J. J. Barnard, who wants the place and has a large following, having been register of deeds for a number of terms.

There is considerable uncertainty as yet as to the sheriff's office. Sheriff Sears has already under way a strenuous campaign for renomination and the expectation is that J. D. Stell, former chief of police and now chief field deputy under Collector of Internal Revenue J. W. Reiley, will be a candidate. However, he has made no announcement as yet. But Sears is not waiting for any declaration, but is campaigning along with a big force of friends to cinch the place for himself for another term.

HEAD AND ARM OF MURDERED GIRL FOUND.

Mystery of Mohawk River Still Baffles Police of Schenectady.

Schenectady, N. Y., July 5. — The head and right arm of the murdered girl whose torso was found in the Mohawk river June 19th were recovered in that stream yesterday, but her identity still is undetermined.

Norman N. Niven struck the head with an oar as he was rowing near where the torso was found. Within an hour Fred Loorman, who as rowing with two women friends, found the right arm nearby.

The girl as a brunette, aparently about 25. It was impossible to tell much about her features. The authorities believe she was a foreigner. A man's handkerchief was knotted around the lower part of the head, A piece of lace waist and a woman's undergarments were wrapped about the arm.

Descriptions of the slain woman are being sent broadcast tonight. Local authorities have searched records in vain for a description of a missing woman similar to that of the victim.

NO PRESSURE TO BEAR.

Great Britain Denies Any Influence Upon America in Canal Matter.

London, July 5.—A flat denial that Great Britain had brought pressure on the United States in connection with Panama tolls was made last night at the banquet of the American Society by Lord Bryce, foremerly British ambassador at Washington. Lord Bryce said he simply had advised his government that "if the President thinks it right to repeal or go to arbitration he will do it."

Lord Bryce added: "No country in the world has a stronger desire than the United States to do what is right and honorable."

The American Ambassador Walter H. Page said the last letter to the Washington government relating to Panama was written by Ambassador Bryce before the end of the Taft administration.

MARTIN F. DOUGLAS TO OPPOSE MAJ. C. M. STEDMAN.

Nominated by Progressives of Fifth District—No Fusion.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., July 5.—The Progressive convention of the Fifth congressional district was held here yesterday and nominated for Congress Martin F. Douglas, grandson of Stephen A. Douglas, famous opponent of Lincoln, and son of R. M. Douglas, late justice of the State Supreme Court. The minority that favored fusion with Republicans were overruled by those claiming to have instructions from Roosevelt.

STATE OFFICES CLOSED FOR GLORIOUS FOURTH.

Governor Craig to Return From Asheville a Week Hence.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 4.—Practically all the State offices were closed most of yesterday in observance of Glorious Fourth. Governor Craig is still in Asheville and is expected to remain there until July 11th, when he is due in Morehead City for the inspection of the Third Regiment, North Carolina National Guard, to be in camp there the coming week. He will be back in the executive offices here about July 15th

IRISH POTATO CROP IN MT. OLIVE SECTION SHORT

Congressman Faison Will Recommend Summerlin for Postmaster.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Mount Olive, July 5.—The harvesting of the Irish potato crop in this section is about finished, and the total yield is smaller than it was at first thought it would be. There are, perhaps, a few hundred barrels yet to be gathered, but it is not likely that the crop will total more than 27,000 barrels. While it has been known for sometime that the crop was considerably short this year, yet it was believed earlier in the season that the yield for this year would be at least 40,000 or 45,000 barrels.

The prices paid here for potatoes for the past two or three weeks have been quite satisfactory—from $2.50 to $3.50 per barrel, and these prices have, of course, served somewhat to lessen the loss the farmers have sustained on this crop.

Benjamin A. Summerlin, the successful candidate in the postmaster's primary held here Saturday, June 27, has been notified by Congressman Faison that the recommendation for his appointment as postmaster here would be made at once. There now seems to be no reasons to believe that any protest against his confirmation will be made, which means that he should be installed as postmaster in the course of a week or two.

Mr. Summerlin has been connected with the postal service here as clerk in the office and rural carrier, having resigned from the latter position several months ago. This fact, coupled with his popularity as a young man of ability and a splendid reputation, no doubt contributed very materially to the handsome majority he polled in the primary.

Retiring Postmaster W. J. Flowers, acting under authority from the Postoffice Department, has turned the management of the office over to Mr. Faison Byrd, who will have complete charge of the office until Mr. Flowers' successor is appointed. This was necessary in order that Mr. Flowers might assume his new duties as chief of police July 2.

Unless there is quite a good bit of rain within the next few days, say the farmers, the corn crop will be damaged no little. In fact, some say that early corn is already damaged so badly that rain now would do it very little, if any, good. Certain it is, however, that both early and late corn is now beginning to suffer for rain very badly.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

BOARDERS WANTED—Nicely furnished room with best table board. Rates reasonable. Electric lights, telephone and bath. 714 North Fourth street. Mrs. M. H. Tatum. jy6-7t*

LOST—Setter bird dog, between Wrightsville Beach and city. White, with brown spots. Name on collar, "Dan." Reward for return to W. R. Hudler, Station 4, Wrightsville Beach. jy6-1t

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms with or without table board. Apply No. 2 Postoffice avenue. jy6-1t

FIVE BRIGHT, capable ladies to travel, demonstrate and sell dealers; $25 to $50 per week. Railroad fare paid. Goodrick Drug Co., Dept. 555; Omaha, Neb. jy5-4t*

FOR RENT—New and modern apartment. Large yard; possession given immediately. Apply Room 23, Garrell Bldg. jy5-tf

TWO ROOMS, bath room, gas, for light housekeeping. Splendid down town location; all for eight dollars per month. Apply J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. jy5-2t

AN APARTMENT of four rooms and bath; also a two-room apartment in the splendid Carolina Apartment, for rent. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. jy5-2t

SUMMER BOARD—Black Mountain, N. C. Most delightful of mountain resorts. Altitude, 27—. Good fare, large, airy rooms, rates reasonable. Mrs. Watters and Miss Lord. Box 36. jy5-7t

WANTED—For permanent positions in new Murchison Bank Building, several neat, clean-cut young men (white). Apply to Mr. Cover, at Rental Office, between 12 and 2 o'clock. jy5-tf

NOTICE—Don't forget when you need a good horse and mule that you can always find them at the Ky. Horse and Mule Co. cheaper than you can buy anywhere. Mr. A. H. Jewell, of Lexington, Ky., is buying a lot of horses and mules for this market, now. Call 'phone 610-J, Seventeenth and Dock streets. Ward Lutes, Sec. and Mgr. jy5-7t

FOR SALE—House and lot at Summer Rest, on Wrightsville Sound. Has all modern conveniences. Water, sewerage, etc. Can be purchased at a low price. R. R. Stone, 5 and 7 Water street. jy3-tf

FRESH LOT of country eggs, just received. Every one guaranteed; 20 cents per dozen; extra choice lot of spring chickens, all kinds of choice fresh meats, fruits, vegetables and fancy groceries. 'Phone us your orders for July 4th, 5th or 6th. Ice cold melons, cantaloupes. Palace Market, 108 South Front street; 'Phone 72. jy3-tf

FOR RENT—Wrightsville Beach, Northern Extension, on car line; a new seven-room cottage. See H. E. Bonitz, or C. D. Maffitt. jy2-tf

SCREENS—Phone us your orders for screen doors and windows. We make and hang them for you. Phone 1371, 1013 South Front street. Wilmington Safe and Table Co. jy 1-7t*

NEW HONEY, in one-pound sections; price 20c. per block, or 6 for $1, for a short time. Republic asparagus tips, only 25c. can; Sunbeam jams, all kinds only 25c. jar. Thomas Grocery Co., 525 North Fourth street; 'Phone 294. my22-tf

WANTED—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Will pay good price for same. Address, "BZ" care Star.

GO TO Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co., for plumbing material. Closets complete, $9.50; 4-inch soil pipe, 12 cents; oakum, 7c; pig lead, 7c. All other goods reasonable. 'Phone 1132. my27-tf

FOR SALE—Printer's imposing stone, several type cases and other printing material displaced by new equipment. Address Morning Star, Wilmington, N. C. je30-3t

WESTLEY YARBOROUGH, one of Wilmington's oldest barbers, and A. Williams who has worked at the trade for several years, have formed a partnership and opened the Wilmington Tonsorial Parlors at 28 North Front street. With a sanitary shop and polite workmen, we are at the public's service. jy2-7t

FOR RENT—Building and basement annex formerly occupied by Morning Star office. Twenty-two feet front by 60 feet depth; three floors. Possession given at once. Apply to J. H. Hinton, or at Morning Star office, 309 Chestnut st. ap8-tf

VACATION TIME is coming. Why not see Uncle Charles for a good trunk or leather suit case? 'Phone 642, or call at No. 6 South Front street. my19-tf

FOR RENT—A large, delightfully cool room, southwest exposure, with modern conveniences. Gentlemen preferred. 216 North Second, between Grace and Chestnut. Phone 773. je 24-tf

OLD PAPERS—A limited number of old newspapers suitable for wrapping or placing under carpets or matting, for sale at five cents per hundred. Apply at Star office. my22-tf

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor and Executrix of the Last Will and Testament of Rachel Ann Gore, deceased, all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment of same, and all persons having claims against said Estate are hereby notified to file same duly sworn to, as required by Law, with the undersigned, and if any claim is not presented within one year of this date, this notice will be plead in bar of any recovery being had thereon.

This 6th day of June, A. D., 1914.

M. J. CORBETT,
JULIA GORE,
Executor and Executrix of Rachel Ann Gore, deceased.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain deed of mortgage made by A. O. Schuster and wife to J. W. Powell, Jr., and by said J. W. Powell, Jr., transferred and assigned to the Southern National Bank, the undersigned will, on Thursday, July the 30th, 1914, at twelve o'clock M., at the Court House door in the County of New Hanover, sell, at public auction, for cash, the following described property, situate in the city of Wilmington, to satisfy the debt secured by said mortgage:

First—A lot beginning at Southwest intersection of Market and Eleventh streets; runs West with Southern line of Market street 66 feet; thence South, parallel with Eleventh street 150 feet to Meadow street; thence East with Northern line of Meadow street 66 feet to Eleventh street; thence North with Western line of Eleventh street 150 feet to the beginning, being part of Lots 1, 2 and 3, Block 161.

Second—A lot beginning in the Southern line of Market street 33 feet East of Eastern line of Tenth street; runs Eastwardly with Southern line of Market street 33 feet; thence South parallel with Tenth street 150 feet to Meadow street; thence West with the Northern line of Meadow street 33 feet; thence North 150 feet to the beginning, being part of Lots 1, 2 and 3, Block 161.

SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK,
By John D. Bellamy & Son, Attorneys.
je30-30d

John Wannamaker Says:—

"The difference between the clerk who spends all of his salary and the clerk who SAVES is the difference—in ten years—between the owner of a business and the man out of a job."

We consider it a privilege to give every assistance to the SAVER—the man on the THRIFT PATH—to attain the goal of his ambitions. He deserves the best.

SECURITY AND SERVICE.

The American National Bank

Wilmington, N. C.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus $1,600,000

H. C. McQUEEN, President — C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.
J. V. GRAINGER, V.-Pres. — M. F. ALLEN, Ass't Cash.
J. W. YATES, Vice-Pres. — W. S. JOHNSON, Ass't Chr

FURTHER REDUCTION IN GASOLI NE.

BEST AUTO GASOLINE

15½c Per Gallon.

F. O. B. Wilmington, in Galvanized Iron Barrels, we paying return freight on iron barrels.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

For Auto Lubrication.
Use Our Pennsylvania "AUTOIL."

Atlantic Trust & Banking Company

WILMINGTON, N. C.

NOT MARK TIME! BUT FORWARD MARCH!

Should be the keyword for the progressive man or woman. Get in position to make yourself known and felt in your community. Do this by having some money at your command all the time. Open an account with this bank, and attain to genteel, comfortable independence. We will help by adding 4% compound interest every three months.

Have you made your will and appointed this company your Executor. If not, let us talk the matter over with you.

MILTON CALDER, President.
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Vice-President.
THOS. E. COOPER, Vice-President.
R. L. HENLEY, Cashier.

Victrola Music

Will you and your guests have all the music you want this summer—when you want it? The Victrola will supply it. Let us supply the Victrola.

C. W. YATES & CO.

Market Street.

FINIS

1343 Bags Cooper's "Finis" 7-5-5.

1671 Bags Cooper's Chadbourn Trucker, 8-3-10.

1267 Bags Cooper's "Kite", 8-5-7.

1429 Bags Cooper's "Evergreen" Top Dresser, 9-3.

Orders promptly filled. Let them come.

COOPER GUANO CO.

Wilmington, N. C.

Thermometers

A Necessity in Determining How Hot The Day Is. Ours Are Highly Accurate

A. O. Schuster

Jeweler
104 N. Front St.

Oil Mill

AND

Fertilizer Machinery

We manufacture the Heavy strong type at the most reasonable prices. We invite you to call and see our plant.

Wilmington Iron Works

"THE IRON MEN"

Foot of Orange St., City.

J. E. HATCH

House Decorating and Sign Painting

WALL PAPERS, INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR PAINTING, FRESCO AND PLASTER RELIEF.

Office Phone 1336-W; Residence Phone 808.
107 North Third Street.

And they asked me how I did it, and
I gave 'em the Scripture text,
"You keep your light so shining a
Little in front o' the next!"
They copied all they could follow,
But they couldn't copy my mind,
And I left 'em sweating and stealing
A year and a half behind.
—Kipling.